2018

Year:

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter:

Quarterly Financial Information

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[105000] Management commentary

Management commentary [text block]

HIGHLIGHTS

GRUMA's performance showed continued improvements in net sales in all regions other than Central America, and expanding margins, notably in the U.S.

Consolidated sales volume was flat and net sales were 1% lower in connection with the peso appreciation effect on figures for Gruma USA and Gruma Europe, and the adoption of International Financial Reporting Standard 15 ("IFRS 15"), effective January 2018, by which some selling expenses have to be reclassified as a deduction to net sales.

Consolidated **EBITDA** was flat, as increases from Gruma USA were offset by the peso appreciation effect and expenses from information technology projects. EBITDA margin improved 10 basis points.

Sales and EBITDA from non-Mexican operations represented 73% and 74%, respectively, of consolidated figures. The company reported US\$1.1 billion of **debt** at quarter-end, US\$106 million more than at the end of 4Q17. **Net Debt/EBITDA** ratio was 1.5x.

Consolidated Financial Highlights

(Ps. millions)

	1Q18	1Q17	Var
Sales volume (thousand metric tons)	971	970	0%
Net sales	17,532	17,677	(1)%
Operating income	2,146	2,180	(2)%
Operating margin	12.2%	12.3%	(10) bp
EBITDA	2,692	2,697	0%
EBITDA margin	15.4%	15.3%	10 bp
Majority net income	1,282	1,282	0 %

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Debt (US\$ millions)

		Var vs Mar'17			Var vs	Dec'17
Mar'18	Mar'17	(\$)	(%)	Dec'17	(\$)	(%)
1,135	734	401	55%	1,030	106	10%

Disclosure of nature of business [text block]

Since 1949, GRUMA, S.A.B. de C.V., is one of the world's leading tortilla and corn flour producers. With leading brands in most of its markets, GRUMA has operations in the United States, Mexico, Central America, Europe, Asia and Oceania.

Disclosure of management's objectives and its strategies for meeting those objectives [text block]

Our strategy is to focus on our core business—corn flour and tortilla—as well as to expand our product portfolio towards the flatbreads category in general. We will continue taking advantage of the increasing popularity of Mexican food and, more importantly, tortillas, in the U.S., European, Asian and Oceanian markets. We will also continue taking advantage of the adoption of tortillas by the consumers of several regions of the world for the preparation of different recipes other than Mexican food. Our strategy includes the following key elements:

Expand in the Retail and Food Service Tortilla Markets Where We Currently Have a Presence and to New Regions: We believe that the size and growth of the U.S. retail and food service tortilla markets offer significant opportunities for expansion.

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Enter and Expand in the Tortilla and Flatbread Markets in Other Regions of the World: We believe that tortilla and flatbread markets in other continents such as Europe, Asia and Oceania offer us significant opportunities. We believe our current operations in Europe will enable us to better serve markets there and in the Middle East. Our presence in Asia and Oceania will enable us to offer our customers in those regions fresh products and respond more quickly to their needs.

Maintain Gruma Corporation's MISSION® and GUERRERO® Tortilla Brands as the First and Second National Brands in the United States and to Position our Mission Brand in Other Regions: We intend to achieve this by increasing our efforts at building brand name recognition, and by further expanding and utilizing Gruma Corporation's distribution network, first in Gruma Corporation's existing markets, where we believe there is potential for further growth, and second, in regions where Gruma Corporation currently does not have a significant presence but where we believe strong demand for tortillas already exists.

Encourage Transition from the Traditional Cooked-Corn Method to the Dry Corn Flour Method as Well as New Uses for Corn Flour: We pioneered the dry corn flour method for the production of tortilla and other corn-based products. We continue to view the transition from the traditional method to the dry corn flour method of making tortillas and other corn-based products, as the primary opportunity for increased corn flour sales. We are also working to expand the use of corn flour in the manufacture of different types of products.

Expand and Leverage the Mission Brand Name Globally to Achieve Economies of Scale: We intend to continue to launch the Mission brand name in markets where we have reached critical mass to leverage our premium brand name and consolidate profitability.

Invest in our Core Business and Focus on Optimizing Operational Matters: Recently we have experienced renewed growth in the U.S., European, Asian and Oceanian tortilla markets. We intend to focus our investment program on our core business to enable us to meet future demand, consolidate our leading position in the industry and continue delivering a return to shareholders that is above the cost of capital.

Disclosure of entity's most significant resources, risks and relationships [text block]

Our financial condition and results of operations may be influenced by some of the following factors:

- the level of demand for tortillas and corn flour;
- increase or decrease in the Hispanic population in the United States;
- increases in Mexican food consumption by the non-Hispanic population in the United States; and the use of tortillas in non-Mexican cuisine in the United States, Europe, Asia and Oceania;
- the cost and availability of corn and wheat;
- the cost of energy and other related products;
- our acquisitions, plant expansions and divestitures;
- the effect of government initiatives and policies;
- the effect from variations of interest rates and exchange rates;

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- volatility in corn and wheat prices and energy costs;
- competition from tortilla manufacturers, especially in the United States;
- competition in the corn flour business; and
- general economic conditions in the countries in which we operate and worldwide.

Disclosure of results of operations and prospects [text block]

GRUMA REPORTS FIRST QUARTER 2018 RESULTS

HIGHLIGHTS

GRUMA's performance showed continued improvements in net sales in all regions other than Central America, and expanding margins, notably in the U.S.

Consolidated **sales volume** was flat and **net sales** were 1% lower in connection with the peso appreciation effect on figures for Gruma USA and Gruma Europe, and the adoption of International Financial Reporting Standard 15 ("IFRS 15"), effective January 2018, by which some selling expenses have to be reclassified as a deduction to net sales.

Consolidated **EBITDA** was flat, as increases from Gruma USA were offset by the peso appreciation effect and expenses from information technology projects. EBITDA margin improved 10 basis points.

Sales and EBITDA from non-Mexican operations represented 73% and 74%, respectively, of consolidated figures. The company reported US\$1.1 billion of **debt** at quarter-end, US\$106 million more than at the end of 4Q17. **Net Debt/EBITDA** ratio was 1.5x.

Consolidated Financial Highlights

(Ps. millions)

GRUMA, S.A.B. de C.V.

Ticker: GRUMA

Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

15.4%

1,282

15.3%

1,282

10 bp

0%

	1Q18	1Q17	Var
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CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

EBITDA margin

Majority net income

1Q18 versus 1Q17

Sales volume was flat at 971 thousand metric tons. Volume growth achieved at all subsidiaries was offset by strong reductions at Gruma Europe, which resulted from volatility in the corn milling business.

Net sales declined 1% to Ps.17,532 million. Net sales were higher at all subsidiaries other than Gruma Centroamérica. However, the peso appreciation effect on Gruma USA and Gruma Europe figures and the adoption of IFRS 15 led to a decline in consolidated net sales. The consolidated impact from the adoption of IFRS 15 for 1Q18 was Ps.128 million.

Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales rose to 62.9% from 62.4%. Excluding the effect from the adoption of IFRS 15, net sales as a percentage of net sales would have been flat. In absolute terms, cost of sales was flat at Ps.11,021 million, mostly in connection with the peso appreciation on Gruma USA and Gruma Europe figures when measured in peso terms.

Selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) as a percentage of net sales rose slightly to 25.1% from 25.0%, primarily driven by lower absorption. In absolute terms, SG&A decreased 1% to Ps.4,393 million in

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line with the peso appreciation impact on Gruma USA figures, and with the aforementioned adoption of IFRS 15.

Other income, net, was Ps.28 million compared to an expense of Ps.48 million. The improvement resulted primarily from gains on natural gas hedging.

Operating income declined 2% to Ps.2,146 million. Operating margin decreased to 12.2% from 12.3%.

EBITDA was flat at Ps.2,692 million. EBITDA margin improved to 15.4% from 15.3%.

Net comprehensive financing cost was Ps.262 million, Ps.190 million less, primarily in connection with lower losses on foreign exchange rate hedging related to corn procurement at GIMSA.

On the **income taxes** line, at Gruma USA there was an effective tax rate reduction from 36% in 1Q17 to 25%; however, consolidated taxes increased due to deferred taxes as compared to 1Q17, when GRUMA had a benefit on deferred taxes from the use of tax-loss-carryforwards. Furthermore, in the first quarter of 2018 taxes were higher as the peso appreciation creates a negative impact on dollar-denominated intercompany loans. This effect would be reversed if the peso depreciates again. The effective tax rate was also affected by losses at the Technology and Corporate Services divisions, in connection with lower construction activities and information technology projects, which could not be deducted during the period, creating tax-loss-carryforwards.

Majority net income was flat at Ps.1,282 million as lower comprehensive financing cost was offset by higher deferred taxes.

SUBSIDIARY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

1Q18 versus 1Q17

Gruma USA

Sales volume rose 1% to 337 thousand metric tons. The **tortilla** business grew 1% driven by the retail channel, where volume benefited primarily from growth at (1) core products such as Super Soft flour tortillas; (2) specialty products such as Street Taco tortilla (a small tortilla especially used for *tacos*); (3) low-count corn tortillas; and (4) healthier alternatives (carb balance, and gluten free in particular). On the other hand, the food service channel was impacted by the company's decision to reduce supply of some SKUs based on profitability. **Corn flour** sales volume rose 1% driven mostly by the retail channel in connection with expanded distribution at club formats, coupled with increased displays and promotions granted by large retailers.

Net sales increased 3% to Ps.9,434 million in connection with (1) sales volume growth; and more importantly

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from (2) a change in the sales mix within both channels of the tortilla business favoring higher-priced SKUs, most notably at the retail channel; (3) a change in the sales mix favoring the retail tortilla channel as foodservice declined, resulting from the aforementioned reduced supply based on profitability; and (4) a change in the sales mix within the corn flour business favoring the retail channel. Also, better management of promotions at the retail tortilla business contributed to the increase.

Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales increased to 57.5% from 57.4% driven by the adoption of IFRS 15, which resulted in lower cost absorption. In absolute terms, cost of sales rose 3% to Ps.5,422 million in line with volume growth and cost increases largely at the tortilla business in connection with (1) higher wheat flour cost arising mainly from longer traveling distances to get high protein wheat; (2) higher packaging costs for corrugated boxes and plastic bags; (3) higher wages in light of volume growth and the company's effort to retain talent at some particular plants amid a competitive labor market; and (4) higher fringe benefits arising from regulatory changes.

SG&A as a percentage of net sales declined to 28.3% from 29.1% due mainly to better expense absorption. In absolute terms, SG&A was flat.

Other income, net, was Ps.2 million as opposed to other expense, net, of Ps.27 million in 1Q17. The Ps.29 million improvement mostly relates to lower corn hedging losses and gains on natural gas as opposed to losses in 1Q17.

Operating income rose 10% to Ps.1,340 million. Operating margin improved to 14.2% from 13.3%.

EBITDA rose 10% to Ps.1,660 million. EBITDA margin improved to 17.6% from 16.4%.

GIMSA

Sales volume rose 3% to 492 thousand metric tons driven mainly by (1) wholesalers expanding their distribution; (2) higher demand from large snack producers in Mexico; and (3) higher sales of grits.

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Net sales grew 2% to Ps.4,796 million in connection with the aforementioned sales volume growth. GIMSA increased prices at the beginning of 2018, however, corn sales for Ps.80 million to Gruma Centroamérica in 1Q17, not reported as sales volume, and lower prices in peso terms on exports sales to Gruma USA in connection with a stronger peso, resulted in lower average prices. Also, the curve of customers' inventory consumption and the change in the sales mix toward the retail channel and toward grits, impacted average prices.

Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales improved to 72.8% from 74.2% reflecting lower cost of corn and energy, mostly in connection with the peso appreciation. Also, the aforementioned corn sales of Ps.80 million to Gruma Centroamérica at minimal margins benefited the comparison versus 1Q17. In absolute terms, cost of sales was flat at Ps.3,491 million due to the aforementioned cost reductions, despite sales volume growth.

SG&A as a percentage of net sales increased to 16.1% from 15.7% due mostly to (1) higher freight expense, resulting from a change in the sales mix favoring sales volume to customers where the company absorbs this expense, and also from higher tariffs; and (2) general inflationary pressures arising from gasoline and labor, among others. In absolute terms, SG&A rose 5% to Ps.774 million.

Other income, net, of Ps.25 million, represented a Ps.61 million reduction, mostly resulting from the sale of GIMSA's Mission brand to Gruma Holding for Ps.94 million in 1Q17.

Operating income decreased 1% to Ps.556 million and operating margin declined to 11.6% from 11.9%.

EBITDA increased 4% to Ps.782 million. EBITDA margin improved to 16.3% from 16.1%.

Gruma Europe

Sales volume decreased 20% to 81 thousand metric tons, driven by the corn milling business. The **tortilla** business rose 2% resulting primarily from (1) increased geographic coverage and expanded distribution at retail and food service channels in Russia due, in part, to the company's enlarged production capacity in this country; and (2) expanded distribution at large supermarket chains in Spain.

The **corn milling** business sales volume declined 29%, affected by (1) lower demand for grits by brewing companies as they switched to other grains, especially amid reductions in barley prices; (2) lower demand for grits by snack producers arising from a difficult economic environment in the Middle East, which has also led some customers to favor competitors that offer lower yields and quality; and (3) lower sales volume of byproducts, in line with the reduction in grits.

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Net sales rose 7% to Ps.1,303 million despite the aforementioned decline in sales volume, due mainly to (1) the change in the sales mix toward the tortilla business; and (2) price increases and rationalization of low-price customers.

Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales rose to 77.5% from 76.5% primarily from lower cost absorption in connection with (1) the adoption of IFRS 15, which resulted in lower net sales; and, to a lesser extent, (2) increased distribution of third-party products; and (3) higher sales to food service customers. In absolute terms, cost of sales increased 8% to Ps.1,010 million mostly in connection the growth at the tortilla business, whose products are more value-added that at the corn milling business.

SG&A as a percentage of net sales improved to 20.9% from 23.7% mostly resulting from better expense absorption. In absolute terms, SG&A decreased 6% to Ps.272 million mainly driven by the aforementioned adoption of IFRS 15, which resulted in lower selling expenses, as well as from efficiencies in administrative expenses at both operations, including personnel reduction, and in marketing expenses in the tortilla business.

Operating income was Ps.24 million, compared to an operating loss of Ps.2 million, and operating margin rose to 1.9% from (0.1)%.

EBITDA increased 78% to Ps.81 million, and EBITDA margin improved to 6.2% from 3.7%.

Gruma Centroamérica

Sales volume increased 2% to 48 thousand metric tons due mainly to (1) extraordinary corn flour sales in Honduras related to built-up inventories amid political uncertainty; (2) higher sales of corn taking advantage of market opportunities; (3) higher sales of rice as we gained new costumers; and (4) higher sales of snacks as the last holy week took place in 1Q rather than 2Q; and (5) higher sales of hearts of palm due to resumed sales to France. Part of the aforementioned growth was offset by lower corn flour sales in Guatemala, particularly to government channels.

Net sales declined 10% to Ps.1,045 million in connection with (1) the adoption of IFRS 15; (2) the peso appreciation effect; and (3) a change in the sales mix towards flanker brands in corn flour and the aforementioned sales of corn.

Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales increased to 65.2% from 63.7% mostly driven by (1) lower absorption due the aforementioned adoption of IFRS 15; and (2) the change in the sales mix towards corn flour flanker brands and corn, which report lower margins. In absolute terms, cost of sales decreased 8% to Ps.681 million in connection with the aforementioned peso appreciation and lower cost of raw materials, especially corn.

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SG&A as a percentage of net sales improved to 27.4% from 31.3% due mainly to (1) lower selling expenses resulting from the aforementioned adoption of IFRS 15; and (2) savings on salaries from auditing efficiencies and lower marketing expenses. In absolute terms, SG&A declined 21% to Ps.286 million principally resulting from the aforementioned reductions in SG&A and the effect of the peso appreciation.

Operating income as a percentage of net sales increased to 7.4% from 5.2%, and in absolute terms, operating income rose 29% to Ps.78 million.

EBITDA improved 22% to Ps.112 million. EBITDA margin increased to 10.8% from 8%.

Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations

Operating income declined 57% to Ps.148 million. This resulted mainly from (1) the peso appreciation effect largely related to Gruma USA, as figures for this subsidiary are reported under convenience translation; and to (2) reductions at the Technology operations, in connection with lower capital expenditures, and additional expenses at Corporate Services arising from information technology projects. The foreign exchange impact is shown under "Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations".

CONFERENCE CALL

The first quarter conference call will be held on Thursday, April 26, 2018 at 11:30 am Eastern Time (10:30 am Central/ Mexico City Time). To access the call, please dial: domestic US +1 (855) 327 6837, international +1 (631) 891 4304.

ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES

The consolidated figures have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Results for foreign subsidiaries are translated to Mexican pesos applying the historical exchange rate. Nevertheless, under the section Subsidiary Results of Operations and the table of Financial Highlights by Subsidiary of this report, figures for Gruma USA and Gruma Europe were translated to Mexican pesos using a convenience translation with the exchange rate of Ps.18.3445/dollar as of March 31, 2018. The differences between the use of convenience translation and the historical exchange rate are reflected under "Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations".

ABOUT GRUMA

Since 1949, GRUMA, S.A.B. de C.V., is one of the world's leading tortilla and corn flour producers. With leading brands in most of its markets, GRUMA has operations in the United States, Mexico, Central America, Europe, Asia and Oceania. GRUMA is headquartered in San Pedro Garza García, Mexico, and has approximately 20,500 employees and

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74 plants. In 2017, GRUMA had net sales of US\$3.7 billion, of which 73% came from non-Mexican operations. For further information, please visit www.gruma.com.

This report may contain certain forward-looking statements and information relating to GRUMA, S.A.B. de C.V., and its subsidiaries (collectively, "GRUMA") that are based on the beliefs of its management as well as assumptions made by and information then available to GRUMA. Such statements reflect the views of GRUMA with respect to future events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties, and assumptions. Many factors could cause the actual results, performance, or achievements of GRUMA to be materially different from historical results or any future results, performance, or achievements that may be expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, changes in economic, political, social, governmental, business, or other factors globally or in Mexico, the United States, Latin America, or any other countries in which GRUMA does business, and world corn and wheat prices. If one or more of these risks or uncertainties materializes, or underlying assumptions are proven incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described herein as anticipated, believed, estimated, expected, or targeted. GRUMA does not intend, and undertakes no obligation, to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

Financial position, liquidity and capital resources [text block]

FINANCIAL POSITION

March 2018 versus December 2017

Balance Sheet Highlights

Total assets were flat at Ps.60,748 million. There were higher cash balances, but also higher corn inventories in Mexico due to delays in winter corn harvest, which drove most of the procurement to take place in January rather than in December. Property, plant and equipment was lower in connection with the peso appreciation effect on Gruma USA assets.

Total liabilities were flat at Ps.34,769 million. A higher debt level, arising from higher working capital needs particularly at GIMSA, was offset by reductions in other accounts payable related principally to dividend and variable compensation payments.

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Shareholders' equity was flat at Ps.25,989 million.

Debt Profile

GRUMA's debt was US\$1.1 billion, US\$106 million more than at December 2017. Approximately 78% of GRUMA's debt was dollar-denominated.

Debt (US\$ millions)

		Var vs	Mar'17		Var vs	Dec'17
Mar'18	Mar'17	(\$)	(%)	Dec'17	(\$)	(%)
1,135	734	401	55%	1,030	106	10%

Debt Maturity Profile

(US\$ millions)

	Rate	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	TOTAL
Senior Notes 2024 (USD)	Fixed 4.875%							400	400
Rabobank Syndicated Term Loan (USD)	LIBOR + 1%		18.8	22.5	26.3	82.5			150
Rabobank Syndicated Revolving Facility (USD)	LIBOR + 1%					250			250
Scotiabank Revolving Facility (USD)	⊔BOR +0.75%			65					65
Other:									
MXN	7.85%	229							229
USD	2.50%	18							18
EUR	1.48%	5.1	5.3	4	2.5	2.2	2.1	2.1	23.4
TOTAL	4.51% (avg.)	252.1	24.0	91.5	28.8	334.7	2.1	402.1	1,135.3

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE PROGRAM

GRUMA's capital expenditures totaled US\$33 million for 1Q18. During the quarter, capital expenditures were allocated mostly to (1) the United States, in connection with the new tortilla plant in Dallas, and the expansion of the tortilla plant in Florida; (2) Mexico, mostly related to the tortilla plant in Puebla, and technology upgrades at GIMSA; and (3) Europe, in connection with packaging automation at the plant in the Netherlands, and at one of the plants in England.

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GRUMA, S.A.B. DE C.V., AND SUBSIDIARIES FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(MILLIONS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

	QL	QUARTERS		
INCOME STATEMENT SUMMARY	1Q18	1Q17	VAR (%)	
NET SALES COST OF SALES GROSS PROFIT	11,021 6,511			
GROSS MARGIN (%) SELLING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES OTHER EXPENSE (INCOME) , NET	37.1% 4,393 (28)			
OPERATING INCOME OPERATING MARGIN (%)	2,146 12.2%	2,180 12.3%	(2)	
NET COMPREHENSIVE FINANCING COST INTEREST EXPENSE INTEREST INCOME (GAIN) LOSS FROM DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS FOREIGN EXCHANGE LOSS (GAIN)	262 243 (16) 101 (66)	167 (13) 472		
INCOME TAXES NET INCOME	601 1,284		(1)	
MAJORITY NET INCOME	1,282	1,282	(0)	
EARNINGS PER SHARE ¹ DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	2.97 546	2.96 517	0	
EBITDA ² EBITDA MARGIN (%) CAPITAL EXPENDITURES (MILLION US\$)	2,692 15.4% 33	2,697 15.3% 58	(0)	

BALANCE SHEET SUMMARY	Mar-18	Mar-17	VAR (%)	Dec-17	VAR (%)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4,104	3,881	6	3,230	27
TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	7,065	6,248	13	7,172	(1)
OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE			53		
INVENTORIES	2,826			2,940	(4)
	11,701	9,399	24	10,790	
CURRENT ASSETS	26,170	21,938	19	24,708	6
PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT, NET	28,059	25,324	11	29,327	(4)
TOTAL ASSETS	60,748	53,894	13	60,821	(0)
SHORT-TERM DEBT	4,628	3,792	22	2,897	60
CURRENT LIABILITIES	16,048	14,405	11	14,752	9
LONG-TERM DEBT	16,093	9,960	62	17,310	(7)
TOTAL LIABILITIES	34,769	28,110	24	34,843	(O)
MAJORITY SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	25,989	23,949	9	25,984	0
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	25,979	25,783	1	25,978	0
CURRENT ASSETS/CURRENT LIABILITIES	1.63	1.52		1.67	
TOTAL LIABILITIES/SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	1.34	1.09		1.34	
DEBT/EBITDA ³	1.83	1.23		1.78	
EBITDA/INTERES EXPENSE ³	13.05	16.67		14.31	
BOOK VALUE PER SHARE ¹	60.27	55.34		60.04	

 $^{^1}$ On the basis of 431,221,046 shares as of March 31, 2018 and 432,749,079 shares as of March 31 and December 31, 2017.

² EBITDA = operating income + depreciation, amortization and impairment of long lived assets +(-) other expenses (income) unrelated to core business operations.

³ Last twelve months.

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GRUMA, S.A.B. DE C.V., AND SUBSIDIARIES FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS BY SUBSIDIARY

(MILLIONS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

		QUARTERS				
		1Q18	1Q17	VAR (\$)	VAR (%)	
GRUMA USA¹	SALES VOLUME ²	337	334	3	1	
	NET SALES	9,434	9,162	272	3	
Corn flour, tortillas, and other	GROSS PROFIT	4,012	3,908	104	3	
	Gross Margin	42.5%	42.6%	20.		
	OPERATING INCOME		1,217	124	10	
	Operating Margin	14.2%	13.3%			
	EBITDA	1,660	1,499	161	11	
	EBITDA Margin	17.6%	16.4%			
GIMSA	SALES VOLUME	492	480	12	2	
Corn flour and other	NET SALES	4,796	4,699	97	2	
	GROSS PROFIT	1,305	1,213	92	8	
	Gross Margin	27.2%	25.8%			
	OPERATING INCOME	556	561	(5)	(1)	
	Operating Margin	11.6%	11.9%	1-7	1-1	
	EBITDA	782	755	26	3	
	EBITDA Margin	16.3%	16.1%			
GRUMA EUROPE ¹	SALES VOLUME ²	81	101	(21)	(20)	
	NET SALES	1,303	1,221	82	7	
Corn flour, tortillas, and other	GROSS PROFIT	293	288	6	2	
	Gross Margin	22.5%	23.5%		-	
	OPERATING INCOME	24	(2)	26	1,473	
	Operating Margin	1.9%	(0.1%)	20	2,110	
	EBITDA	81	46	36	78	
	EBITDA Margin	6.2%	3.7%			
GRUMA CENTROAMÉRICA	SALES VOLUME	48	47	1	2	
Corn flour and other	NET SALES	1,045	1,157	(113)	(10)	
	GROSS PROFIT	363	421	(57)	(14)	
	Gross Margin	34.8%	36.3%	(,	17	
	OPERATING INCOME	78	60	17	29	
	Operating Margin	7.4%	5.2%			
	EBITDA	112	92	20	22	
	EBITDA Margin	10.8%	8.0%			
OTHER SUBSIDIARIES &	SALES VOLUME	14	7	7	97	
ELIMINATIONS ³	NET SALES	954	1,438	(484)	(34)	
	GROSS PROFIT	538	818	(280)	(34)	
	Gross Margin	56.4%	56.9%			
	OPERATING INCOME	148	344	(196)	(57)	
	Operating Margin	15.5%	23.9%			
	EBITDA	56	305	(249)	(82)	
	EBITDA Margin	5.9%	21.2%			
CONSOLIDATED	SALES VOLUME	971	970	2	0	
	NET SALES	17,532	17,677	(145)	(1)	
	GROSS PROFIT	6,511	6,646	(135)	(2)	
	Gross Margin	37.1%	37.6%			
	OPERATING INCOME	2,146	2,180	(34)	(2)	
	Operating Margin	12.2%	12.3%			
	EBITDA	2,692	2,697	(5)	(O)	
	EBITDA Margin	15.4%	15.3%			

¹Convenience translation. For further details see "Accounting Procedures".

² All sales volume figures are expressed in thousand metric tons.

³ Effect of the use of convenience translation is reported under Other Subsidiaries & Eliminations.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

Internal control [text block]

We carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Administrative Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives. Based upon our evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Administrative Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the applicable rules and forms, and that it is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Administrative Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Likewise, the effectivity of our internal control processes ober the financial information is annually audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers, S.C.

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Administrative Officer and other personnel, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (v.2013) by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

Our internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS as issued by IASB. Our internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and directors; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on our financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Based on our evaluation under the framework in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (v.2013), our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely that could materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

Disclosure of critical performance measures and indicators that management uses to evaluate entity's performance against stated objectives [text block]

Management evaluates operating and financial indicators to measure improvement or deterioration of the company's performance; the main operating indicators include profitability as a percentage of sales and those demonstrating profitability of investment such as EBITDA, ROIC, ROE and ROA; liquidity, leverage and hedging ratios are also assessed.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[110000] General information about financial statements

Ticker:	GRUMA				
Period covered by financial statements:	2018-01-01 al 2018-03-31				
Date of end of reporting period:	2018-03-31				
Name of reporting entity or other means of identification:	GRUMA, S.A.B. de C.V.				
Description of presentation currency:	MXN				
Level of rounding used in financial statements:	MILES DE PESOS				
Consolidated:	Yes				
Number of quarter:	1				
Type of issuer:	ICS				
Explanation of change in name of reporting entity or other means of identification from end of preceding reporting period:					
Description of nature of financial statements:					
Disclosure of general information about financial statements [text block]					
Follow-up of an	alysis [text block]				

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF PROCEDURE OF THE MEXICAN STOCK EXCHANGE, ARTICLE 4.033.01 SECTION VIII, WE INFORM YOU THAT ACTINVER, BANK OF AMERICA MERRILL LYNCH, BARCLAYS, BBVA, BTG PACTUAL, CITI, GBM, GOLDMAN SACHS, HSBC, INTERACCIONES, J.P.MORGAN, MORGAN STANLEY, SANTANDER, SCOTIABANK, UBS AND VECTOR, AMONG OTHER, GIVE ANALYSIS COVERAGE OF THE COMPANY'S SECURITIES.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[210000] Statement of financial position, current/non-current

Concept	Close Current	Close Previous
	Quarter	Exercise
	2018-03-31	2017-12-31
Statement of financial position [abstract]		
Assets [abstract]		
Current assets [abstract]	4 400 000 000	0.000.000.000
Cash and cash equivalents	4,103,936,000	3,229,980,000
Trade and other current receivables	9,306,987,000	9,517,564,000
Current tax assets, current	972,715,000	930,582,000
Other current financial assets	85,764,000	240,030,000
Current inventories	11,701,018,000	10,789,674,000
Current biological assets	0	0
Other current non-financial assets	0	0
Total current assets other than non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale or as held for distribution to owners	26,170,420,000	24,707,830,000
Non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale or as held for distribution to owners	0	0
Total current assets	26,170,420,000	24,707,830,000
Non-current assets [abstract]		
Trade and other non-current receivables	181,476,000	201,383,000
Current tax assets, non-current	29,988,000	35,616,000
Non-current inventories	0	0
Non-current biological assets	0	0
Other non-current financial assets	0	0
Investments accounted for using equity method	0	0
Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates	6,406,000	6,576,000
Property, plant and equipment	28,058,812,000	29,326,904,000
Investment property	0	0
Goodwill	3,512,683,000	3,707,696,000
Intangible assets other than goodwill	526,518,000	515,007,000
Deferred tax assets	2,209,352,000	2,266,824,000
Other non-current non-financial assets	52,605,000	52,927,000
Total non-current assets	34,577,840,000	36,112,933,000
Total assets	60,748,260,000	60,820,763,000
Equity and liabilities [abstract]		
Liabilities [abstract]		
Current liabilities [abstract]		
Trade and other current payables	10,346,122,000	11,194,370,000
Current tax liabilities, current	699,400,000	400,482,000
Other current financial liabilities	4,904,439,000	3,051,944,000
Other current non-financial liabilities	0	0
Current provisions [abstract]		
Current provisions for employee benefits	0	0
Other current provisions	98,033,000	105,466,000
Total current provisions	98,033,000	105,466,000
Total current liabilities other than liabilities included in disposal groups classified as held for sale	16,047,994,000	14,752,262,000
Liabilities included in disposal groups classified as held for sale	16.047.004.000	14.752.262.000
Total current liabilities	16,047,994,000	14,752,262,000
Non-current liabilities [abstract]	44.6.5.5.	10.515.55
Trade and other non-current payables	11,040,000	12,318,000
Current tax liabilities, non-current	0	0
Other non-current financial liabilities	16,092,983,000	17,310,045,000
Other non-current non-financial liabilities	0	0

Concept	Close Current Quarter 2018-03-31	Close Previous Exercise 2017-12-31
Non-current provisions [abstract]		
Non-current provisions for employee benefits	873,630,000	885,143,000
Other non-current provisions	515,171,000	576,132,000
Total non-current provisions	1,388,801,000	1,461,275,000
Deferred tax liabilities	1,228,199,000	1,306,945,000
Total non-current liabilities	18,721,023,000	20,090,583,000
Total liabilities	34,769,017,000	34,842,845,000
Equity [abstract]		
Issued capital	5,345,896,000	5,363,595,000
Share premium	0	0
Treasury shares	0	0
Retained earnings	19,473,688,000	18,506,958,000
Other reserves	1,169,146,000	2,113,128,000
Total equity attributable to owners of parent	25,988,730,000	25,983,681,000
Non-controlling interests	(9,487,000)	(5,763,000)
Total equity	25,979,243,000	25,977,918,000
Total equity and liabilities	60,748,260,000	60,820,763,000

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[310000] Statement of comprehensive income, profit or loss, by function of expense

Concept	Accumulated Current Year 2018-01-01 - 2018-03-31	Accumulated Previous Year 2017-01-01 - 2017-03-31
Profit or loss [abstract]		
Profit (loss) [abstract]		
Revenue	17,532,128,000	17,677,451,000
Cost of sales	11,021,261,000	11,031,176,000
Gross profit	6,510,867,000	6,646,275,000
Distribution costs	3,476,207,000	3,589,701,000
Administrative expenses	916,919,000	828,750,000
Other income	28,078,000	0
Other expense	0	48,158,000
Profit (loss) from operating activities	2,145,819,000	2,179,666,000
Finance income	82,308,000	188,099,000
Finance costs	343,982,000	639,752,000
Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	0	0
Profit (loss) before tax	1,884,145,000	1,728,013,000
Tax income (expense)	600,638,000	431,725,000
Profit (loss) from continuing operations	1,283,507,000	1,296,288,000
Profit (loss) from discontinued operations	0	0
Profit (loss)	1,283,507,000	1,296,288,000
Profit (loss), attributable to [abstract]		
Profit (loss), attributable to owners of parent	1,282,177,000	1,282,490,000
Profit (loss), attributable to non-controlling interests	1,330,000	13,798,000
Earnings per share [text block]		
Earnings per share [abstract]		
Earnings per share [line items]		
Basic earnings per share [abstract]		
Basic earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	2.97	2.96
Basic earnings (loss) per share from discontinued operations	0	0
Total basic earnings (loss) per share	2.97	2.96
Diluted earnings per share [abstract]		
Diluted earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	2.97	2.96
Diluted earnings (loss) per share from discontinued operations	0	0
Total diluted earnings (loss) per share	2.97	2.96

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[410000] Statement of comprehensive income, OCI components presented net of tax

Other comprehensive income (abstract) Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, not of tax (abstract) Cother comprehensive income, not of tax, gains (osses) from investments in equity instruments O	Concept	Accumulated Current Year 2018-01-01 - 2018-03-31	Accumulated Previous Year 2017-01-01 - 2017-03-31
Other comprehensive income (abstract) Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, not of tax (abstract) Cother comprehensive income, not of tax, gains (osses) from investments in equity instruments O	Statement of comprehensive income [abstract]		
Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (abstract) Other comprehensive income, not of tax, gains (posses) from investments in equity instruments O	Profit (loss)	1,283,507,000	1,296,288,000
Other comprehensive income, net of tax, gains (osses) from investments in equity instruments Other comprehensive income, net of tax, gains (osses) on revaluation Other comprehensive income, net of tax, gains (osses) on revaluation Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in fair value of financial liability attributable to change in credit risk of liability O	Other comprehensive income [abstract]		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax, gains (losses) on revaluation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax [abstract]		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax, gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans Other comprehensive income, net of tax, capins (losses) on hedging instruments that fleegin uneventment in equity instruments Other comprehensive income, net of tax, gains (losses) on hedging instruments that fleegin uneventments in caulty instruments Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Otal other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Otal other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (abstract) Exchange differences on translation and that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (abstract) Gains (losses) on exchange differences on translation, net of tax O	Other comprehensive income, net of tax, gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments	0	0
Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in fair value of financial liability attributable to change in credit risk of liability 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Other comprehensive income, net of tax, gains (losses) on revaluation	0	0
Other comprehensive income, net of tax, gains (iosses) on hedging instruments that hedge investments in equity instruments O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Other comprehensive income, net of tax, gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	0	0
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in fair value of financial liability attributable to change in credit risk of liability	0	0
reclassification aprilit or loss, net of tax Total other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (abstract) Exchange differences on translation (abstract) Gains (losses) on exchange differences on translation, net of tax O 0 0.00 Cheraciassification adjustments on exchange differences on translation, net of tax O 0 0.00 Cheraciassification adjustments on exchange differences on translation Cheraciassification adjustments on exchange differences on translation Available-for-sale financial assets (abstract) Salis (losses) on exchange differences on translation Available-for-sale financial assets (abstract) Salis (losses) on exchange differences on translation Available-for-sale financial assets (abstract) Salis (losses) on exchange differences on translation Available-for-sale financial assets (abstract) Salis (losses) on examination on available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax O 0 0.00 Reclassification adjustments on available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax O 0 0.00 Cher comprehensive income, net of tax, variable-for-sale financial assets O 0 0.00 Salis (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax (181,226,000) (21,503,000) Reclassification adjustments on cash flow hedges, net of tax (181,226,000) (21,503,000) Reclassification adjustments on cash flow hedges, net of fax Olther comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges (181,226,000) (21,503,000) Reclassification adjustments on hedges of net investments in foreign operations (abstract) Gains (losses) on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Reclassification adjustments on hedges of net investments in foreign operations Change in value of time value of options (abstract) Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax 0 0 0.00 Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options Change in value of forward elements of forward centracts (abstract) Gains (losses) on chang	Other comprehensive income, net of tax, gains (losses) on hedging instruments that hedge investments in equity instruments	0	0
Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax [abstract] Exchange differences on translation (abstract) Gains (losses) on exchange differences on translation, net of tax O 0 0.0 Reclassification adjustments on exchange differences on translation, net of tax O 0.0 Other comprehensive income, net of tax, exchange differences on translation Available-for-sale financial assets [abstract] Gains (losses) on remeasuring available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax O 0 0.0 Reclassification adjustments on available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax O 0 0.0 Reclassification adjustments on available-for-sale financial assets O 0 0.0 Costs flow hedges [abstract] Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax O 1 0.0 Reclassification adjustments on available-for-sale financial assets O 0 0.0 Reclassification adjustments on exchange of tax (labstract) Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax O 1 0.0 Cash flow hedges [abstract] Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax O 1 0.0 Costs flow hedges and though the degree, net of tax O 1 0.0 Costs flow hedges and though the degree, net of tax O 1 0.0 Control on every firm equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax O 1 0.0 Cother comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges (181,226,000) (21,503,000) Hedges of net investment in foreign operations, net of tax (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Change in value of time value of options glostract] Gains (losses) on hedges of net investments in foreign operations. (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Change in value of time value of options, net of tax O 0 0.0 Change in value of time value of options glostract] Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax O 0 0.0 Change in value of time value of options glostract] Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax O	Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax	0	0
Exchange differences on translation (abstract) Gains (losses) on exchange differences on translation, net of tax O 0 0.00 Reclassification adjustments on exchange differences on translation, net of tax O 0 0.00 Available-for-sale financial assets (abstract) Gains (losses) on remeasuring available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax O 0 0.00 Available-for-sale financial assets (abstract) Gains (losses) on remeasuring available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax O 0 0.00 Cosh flow hedges (abstract) Gains (losses) and available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax O 0 0.00 Cosh flow hedges (abstract) Gains (losses) and available-for-sale financial assets O 0 0.00 Cosh flow hedges (abstract) Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax (181,226,000) (21,503,000) Reclassification adjustments on cash flow hedges, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable fore-sale transaction, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges (181,226,000) (21,503,000) Reclassification adjustments on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges (181,226,000) (1,158,312,000) Reclassification adjustments on hedges of net investments in foreign operations Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges of net investments in foreign operations Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options, net of tax O 0 0.00 Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward centracts, net of tax O 0 0.00	Total other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax	0	0
Gains (losses) on exchange differences on translation, net of tax Reclassification adjustments on exchange differences on translation, net of tax Available-for-sale financial assets [abstract] Gains (losses) on remeasuring available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax Checiassification adjustments on available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax O Description of tax, exchange in value of foreign operations, net of tax O Cosh flow hedges (abstract) Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax O Cosh flow hedges (abstract) Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax O Cosh flow hedges (abstract) Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Colher comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges (181,226,000) (21,503,000) (21,503,000) (22,503,000) (31,58,312,000) (31,58,312,000) (31,58,312,000) (31,58,312,000) (4	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax [abstract]		
Reclassification adjustments on exchange differences on translation, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, exchange differences on translation Available-for-sale financial assets [abstract] Gains (losses) on remeasuring available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Exchange differences on translation [abstract]		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax, exchange differences on translation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Gains (losses) on exchange differences on translation, net of tax	0	0
Available-for-sale financial assets [abstract] Gains (losses) on remeasuring available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on available-for-sale financial assets 0 0 0 Cash flow hedges [abstract] Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was headged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was headged from the day and the	Reclassification adjustments on exchange differences on translation, net of tax	0	0
Gains (losses) on remeasuring available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax Check proper plane in value of terms and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Charles of net investment in foreign operations (abstract) Charles of net value of foreward elements of potions, net of tax Charles in value of forward elements of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Charles on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash give hedges Charles on change in value of foreward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash give hedges (181,226,000) (21,503,000) (21,50	Other comprehensive income, net of tax, exchange differences on translation	0	0
Reclassification adjustments on available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, available-for-sale financial assets Cash flow hedges (abstract) Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence Bains (losses) on chalges of net investments in foreign operations (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) (1,158,312,000	Available-for-sale financial assets [abstract]		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax, available-for-sale financial assets Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges Gains (losses) on hedges of net investments in foreign operations [abstract] Gains (losses) on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Reclassification adjustments on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Reclassification adjustments on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Change in value of time value of options [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax 0 0 0 Change in value of time value of options [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax 0 0 0 Change in value of time value of options [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax 0 0 0 Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 0 Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 0 Charge in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 0 Charge in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 0 Charge in value of foreign currency basis spreads (abstract) Charge in value of foreign currency basis spreads,	Gains (losses) on remeasuring available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax	0	0
Cash flow hedges [abstract] Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax Canounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges (181,226,000) (21,503,000) (21,50	Reclassification adjustments on available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax	0	0
Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax Reclassification adjustments on cash flow hedges, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges (181,226,000) (21,503,000) Hedges of net investment in foreign operations [abstract] Gains (losses) on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Reclassification adjustments on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, hedges of net investments in foreign operations (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Change in value of time value of options [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of torward elements of forward contracts of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of torward elements of forward contracts of tax Other comprehensive income in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be (7,293,000) (33,343,000) Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Other comprehensive income that w	Other comprehensive income, net of tax, available-for-sale financial assets	0	0
Reclassification adjustments on cash flow hedges, net of tax Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Olher comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges (181,226,000) (21,503,000) Hedges of net investment in foreign operations [abstract] Gains (losses) on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Reclassification adjustments on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax Olher comprehensive income, net of tax, hedges of net investments in foreign operations (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Change in value of time value of options [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax Olher comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options, net of tax Olher comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Olher comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Olher comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Olher comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads (abstract) Gains (losses) on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Olher comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Olher comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Total other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be (7,293,000) (1,213,158,000)	Cash flow hedges [abstract]		
Amounts removed from equity and included in carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) whose acquisition or incurrence was hedged highly probable forecast transaction, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges (181,226,000) (21,503,000) Hedges of net investment in foreign operations [abstract] Gains (losses) on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax Reclassification adjustments on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, hedges of net investments in foreign operations Change in value of time value of options [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward contracts, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be (7,293,000) (33,343,000) Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000)	Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax	(181,226,000)	(21,503,000)
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Hedges of net investment in foreign operations [abstract] Gains (losses) on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Reclassification adjustments on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax 0 0 0 Other comprehensive income, net of tax, hedges of net investments in foreign operations (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Change in value of time value of options [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of time value of options, net of tax 0 0 0 Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 0 Charge of other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads 0 0 0 Charge of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000)		0	0
Gains (losses) on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Reclassification adjustments on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax 0 0 Other comprehensive income, net of tax, hedges of net investments in foreign operations (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Change in value of time value of options [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of time value of options, net of tax 0 0 Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of forward celements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 Check comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 Check comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 Change in value of toreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 Charge comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads 0 0 Charge comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Cotal other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Cotal other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Cotal other comprehensive income	Other comprehensive income, net of tax, cash flow hedges	(181,226,000)	(21,503,000)
Gains (losses) on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Reclassification adjustments on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax 0 0 Other comprehensive income, net of tax, hedges of net investments in foreign operations (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Change in value of time value of options [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of time value of options, net of tax 0 0 Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of forward celements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 Check comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 Check comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 Change in value of toreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 Charge comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads 0 0 Charge comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Cotal other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Cotal other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Cotal other comprehensive income	Hedges of net investment in foreign operations [abstract]		
Reclassification adjustments on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, hedges of net investments in foreign operations (763,895,000) (1,158,312,000) Change in value of time value of options [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of forward celements of forward contracts, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward celements of forward contracts, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward celements of forward contracts, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax		(763,895,000)	(1,158,312,000)
Change in value of time value of options [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of time value of options, net of tax 0 0 0 Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options 0 0 0 Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 0 Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts 0 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Reclassification adjustments on hedges of net investments in foreign operations, net of tax		0
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Gains (losses) on change in value of time value of options, net of tax Reclassification adjustments on change in value of time value of options, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be (7,293,000) (33,343,000) (1,213,158,000) Total other comprehensive income (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000)	Change in value of time value of options [abstract]		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax O Reclassification adjustments on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax O Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts O Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax O Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax O Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax O Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads O Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000) Total other comprehensive income (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000)		0	0
Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Reclassification adjustments on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000) Total other comprehensive income (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000)	Reclassification adjustments on change in value of time value of options, net of tax	0	0
Change in value of forward elements of forward contracts [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Reclassification adjustments on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000) Total other comprehensive income	Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of time value of options	0	0
Gains (losses) on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of forward elements of forward contracts, net of tax 0 0 0 0 Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts 0 0 Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 0 0 Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax 0 0 Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads 0 0 0 0 Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be (7,293,000) (33,343,000) reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000)			
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Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of forward elements of forward contracts Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be (7,293,000) (33,343,000) reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000)		0	0
Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [abstract] Gains (losses) on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be (7,293,000) (33,343,000) (7,293,000) (33,343,000) (33,343,000) (33,343,000) (33,343,000) (33,343,000) (33,343,000) (33,343,000) (33,343,000)	·	0	0
Gains (losses) on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be (7,293,000) (33,343,000) (33,343,000) Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000)	Change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [abstract]		
Reclassification adjustments on change in value of foreign currency basis spreads, net of tax Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be (7,293,000) (33,343,000) (33,343,000) Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000)		0	0
Other comprehensive income, net of tax, change in value of foreign currency basis spreads O 0 0 Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000) Total other comprehensive income			0
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000) Total other comprehensive income (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000)		0	0
Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000) Total other comprehensive income (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000)	Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be	(7,293,000)	(33,343,000)
Total other comprehensive income (952,414,000) (1,213,158,000)	Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax	(952,414,000)	(1,213,158,000)
	Total other comprehensive income		
1 001.0% (001 1 00	Total comprehensive income	331,093,000	83,130,000

Concept	Accumulated Current Year 2018-01-01 - 2018-03-31	Accumulated Previous Year 2017-01-01 - 2017-03-31
Comprehensive income attributable to [abstract]		
Comprehensive income, attributable to owners of parent	334,817,000	77,303,000
Comprehensive income, attributable to non-controlling interests	(3,724,000)	5,827,000

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[520000] Statement of cash flows, indirect method

Concept	Accumulated Current	Accumulated Previous Year
	Year 2018-01-01 - 2018-03-31	2017-01-01 - 2017-03-31
Statement of cash flows [abstract]	2010 01 01 2010 00 01	2011 01 01 2011 00 01
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities [abstract]		
Profit (loss)	1,283,507,000	1,296,288,000
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) [abstract]	1,200,001,000	1,200,200,000
Discontinued operations	0	0
Adjustments for income tax expense	600,638,000	431,725,000
Adjustments for finance costs	0	0
Adjustments for depreciation and amortisation expense	545,737,000	512,307,000
Adjustments for impairment loss (reversal of impairment loss) recognised in profit or loss	0	4,900,000
Adjustments for provisions	0	0
Adjustments for unrealised foreign exchange losses (gains)	(65,950,000)	(174,703,000)
Adjustments for share-based payments	0	0
Adjustments for fair value losses (gains)	66,599,000	515,226,000
Adjustments for undistributed profits of associates	0	0
Adjustments for losses (gains) on disposal of non-current assets	(6,981,000)	(15,675,000)
Participation in associates and joint ventures	0	0
Adjustments for decrease (increase) in inventories	(1,250,106,000)	(1,083,105,000)
Adjustments for decrease (increase) in trade accounts receivable	(359,073,000)	(811,889,000)
Adjustments for decrease (increase) in other operating receivables	(67,558,000)	(100,727,000)
Adjustments for increase (decrease) in trade accounts payable	476,981,000	203,293,000
Adjustments for increase (decrease) in other operating payables	(429,658,000)	132,173,000
Other adjustments for non-cash items	0	0
Other adjustments for which cash effects are investing or financing cash flow	0	0
Straight-line rent adjustment	0	0
Amortization of lease fees	0	0
Setting property values	0	0
Other adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	(267,105,000)	(278,167,000)
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	(756,476,000)	(664,642,000)
Net cash flows from (used in) operations	527,031,000	631,646,000
Dividends paid	0	0
Dividends received	0	0
Interest paid	(239,502,000)	(166,994,000)
Interest received	(8,071,000)	(4,285,000)
Income taxes refund (paid)	0	0
Other inflows (outflows) of cash	0	0
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	758,462,000	794,355,000
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities [abstract]		
Cash flows from losing control of subsidiaries or other businesses	0	0
Cash flows used in obtaining control of subsidiaries or other businesses	0	0
Other cash receipts from sales of equity or debt instruments of other entities	0	0
Other cash payments to acquire equity or debt instruments of other entities	0	0
Other cash receipts from sales of interests in joint ventures	0	0
Other cash payments to acquire interests in joint ventures	0	0
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	66,443,000	43,648,000
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	610,815,000	1,155,929,000
Proceeds from sales of intangible assets	0	0
Purchase of intangible assets	37,334,000	5,493,000
Proceeds from sales of other long-term assets	0	0
Purchase of other long-term assets	0	0

Concept	Accumulated Current Year 2018-01-01 - 2018-03-31	Accumulated Previous Year 2017-01-01 - 2017-03-31
Proceeds from government grants	0	0
Cash advances and loans made to other parties	0	0
Cash receipts from repayment of advances and loans made to other parties	0	0
Cash payments for future contracts, forward contracts, option contracts and swap contracts	0	0
Cash receipts from future contracts, forward contracts, option contracts and swap contracts	0	0
Dividends received	0	0
Interest paid	0	0
Interest received	8,071,000	4,285,000
Income taxes refund (paid)	0	0
Other inflows (outflows) of cash	1,842,000	1,390,000
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	(571,793,000)	(1,112,099,000)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities [abstract]		
Proceeds from changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control	0	0
Payments from changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control	0	0
Proceeds from issuing shares	0	0
Proceeds from issuing other equity instruments	0	0
Payments to acquire or redeem entity's shares	0	0
Payments of other equity instruments	0	0
Proceeds from borrowings	5,852,819,000	4,270,952,000
Repayments of borrowings	4,097,742,000	5,134,506,000
Payments of finance lease liabilities	0	0
Proceeds from government grants	0	0
Dividends paid	461,959,000	216,375,000
Interest paid	136,812,000	69,581,000
Income taxes refund (paid)	0	0
Other inflows (outflows) of cash	(322,416,000)	115,766,000
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	833,890,000	(1,033,744,000)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents before effect of exchange rate changes	1,020,559,000	(1,351,488,000)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents [abstract]		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(146,603,000)	(234,371,000)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	873,956,000	(1,585,859,000)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	3,229,980,000	5,466,530,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	4,103,936,000	3,880,671,000

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[610000] Statement of changes in equity - Accumulated Current

	Components of equity [axis]								
Sheet 1 of 3	Issued capital [member]	Share premium [member]	Treasury shares [member]	Retained earnings [member]	Revaluation surplus [member]	Reserve of exchange differences on translation [member]	Reserve of cash flow hedges [member]	Reserve of gains and losses on hedging instruments that hedge investments in equity instruments [member]	Reserve of change in value of time value of options [member]
Statement of changes in equity [line items]									
Equity at beginning of period	5,363,595,000	0	0	18,506,958,000	0	1,872,713,000	240,415,000	0	0
Changes in equity [abstract]									
Comprehensive income [abstract]									
Profit (loss)	0	0	0	1,282,177,000	0	0	0	0	0
Other comprehensive income	0	0	0	(3,378,000)	0	(762,918,000)	(181,064,000)	0	0
Total comprehensive income	0	0	0	1,278,799,000	0	(762,918,000)	(181,064,000)	0	0
Issue of equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dividends recognised as distributions to owners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increase through other contributions by owners, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Decrease through other distributions to owners, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increase (decrease) through other changes, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increase (decrease) through treasury share transactions, equity	(17,699,000)	0	0	(312,069,000)	0	0	0	0	0
Increase (decrease) through changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increase (decrease) through share-based payment transactions, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amount removed from reserve of cash flow hedges and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of time value of options and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of forward elements of forward contracts and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of foreign currency basis spreads and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total increase (decrease) in equity	(17,699,000)	0	0	966,730,000	0	(762,918,000)	(181,064,000)	0	0
Equity at end of period	5,345,896,000	0	0	19,473,688,000	0	1,109,795,000	59,351,000	0	0

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	Components of equity [axis]									
Sheet 2 of 3	Reserve of change in value of forward elements of forward contracts [member]	Reserve of change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [member]	Reserve of gains and losses on remeasuring available-for-sale financial assets [member]	Reserve of share- based payments [member]	Reserve of remeasurements of defined benefit plans [member]	Amount recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity relating to non-current assets or disposal groups held for sale [member]	Reserve of gains and losses from investments in equity instruments [member]	Reserve of change in fair value of financial liability attributable to change in credit risk of liability [member]	Reserve for catastrophe [member]	
Statement of changes in equity [line items]										
Equity at beginning of period	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Changes in equity [abstract]										
Comprehensive income [abstract]										
Profit (loss)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other comprehensive income	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total comprehensive income	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Issue of equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Dividends recognised as distributions to owners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Increase through other contributions by owners, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Decrease through other distributions to owners, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Increase (decrease) through other changes, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Increase (decrease) through treasury share transactions, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Increase (decrease) through changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Increase (decrease) through share-based payment transactions, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Amount removed from reserve of cash flow hedges and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of time value of options and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of forward elements of forward contracts and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of foreign currency basis spreads and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total increase (decrease) in equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Equity at end of period	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

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	Components of equity [axis]								
Sheet 3 of 3	Reserve for equalisation [member]	Reserve of discretionary participation features [member]	Other comprehensive income [member]	Other reserves [member]	Equity attributable to owners of parent [member]	Non-controlling interests [member]	Equity [member]		
Statement of changes in equity [line items]									
Equity at beginning of period	0	0	0	2,113,128,000	25,983,681,000	(5,763,000)	25,977,918,000		
Changes in equity [abstract]									
Comprehensive income [abstract]									
Profit (loss)	0	0	0	0	1,282,177,000	1,330,000	1,283,507,000		
Other comprehensive income	0	0	0	(943,982,000)	(947,360,000)	(5,054,000)	(952,414,000)		
Total comprehensive income	0	0	0	(943,982,000)	334,817,000	(3,724,000)	331,093,000		
Issue of equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Dividends recognised as distributions to owners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Increase through other contributions by owners, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Decrease through other distributions to owners, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Increase (decrease) through other changes, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Increase (decrease) through treasury share transactions, equity	0	0	0	0	(329,768,000)	0	(329,768,000)		
Increase (decrease) through changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Increase (decrease) through share-based payment transactions, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Amount removed from reserve of cash flow hedges and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of time value of options and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of forward elements of forward contracts and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of foreign currency basis spreads and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total increase (decrease) in equity	0	0	0	(943,982,000)	5,049,000	(3,724,000)	1,325,000		
Equity at end of period	0	0	0	1,169,146,000	25,988,730,000	(9,487,000)	25,979,243,000		

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[610000] Statement of changes in equity - Accumulated Previous

	Components of equity [axis]								
Sheet 1 of 3	Issued capital [member]	Share premium [member]	Treasury shares [member]	Retained earnings [member]	Revaluation surplus [member]	Reserve of exchange differences on translation [member]	Reserve of cash flow hedges [member]	Reserve of gains and losses on hedging instruments that hedge investments in equity instruments [member]	Reserve of change in value of time value of options [member]
Statement of changes in equity [line items]									
Equity at beginning of period	5,363,595,000	0	0	16,223,897,000	0	2,204,021,000	80,576,000	0	0
Changes in equity [abstract]									
Comprehensive income [abstract]									
Profit (loss)	0	0	0	1,282,490,000	0	0	0	0	0
Other comprehensive income	0	0	0	(33,343,000)	0	(1,158,432,000)	(13,412,000)	0	0
Total comprehensive income	0	0	0	1,249,147,000	0	(1,158,432,000)	(13,412,000)	0	0
Issue of equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dividends recognised as distributions to owners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increase through other contributions by owners, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Decrease through other distributions to owners, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increase (decrease) through other changes, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increase (decrease) through treasury share transactions, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increase (decrease) through changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increase (decrease) through share-based payment transactions, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amount removed from reserve of cash flow hedges and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of time value of options and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of forward elements of forward contracts and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of foreign currency basis spreads and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total increase (decrease) in equity	0	0	0	1,249,147,000	0	(1,158,432,000)	(13,412,000)	0	0
Equity at end of period	5,363,595,000	0	0	17,473,044,000	0	1,045,589,000	67,164,000	0	0

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	Components of equity [axis]								
Sheet 2 of 3	Reserve of change in value of forward elements of forward contracts [member]	Reserve of change in value of foreign currency basis spreads [member]	Reserve of gains and losses on remeasuring available-for-sale financial assets [member]	Reserve of share- based payments [member]	Reserve of remeasurements of defined benefit plans [member]	Amount recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity relating to non-current assets or disposal groups held for sale [member]	Reserve of gains and losses from investments in equity instruments [member]	Reserve of change in fair value of financial liability attributable to change in credit risk of liability [member]	Reserve for catastrophe [member]
Statement of changes in equity [line items]									
Equity at beginning of period	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Changes in equity [abstract]									
Comprehensive income [abstract]									
Profit (loss)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other comprehensive income	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total comprehensive income	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Issue of equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dividends recognised as distributions to owners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increase through other contributions by owners, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Decrease through other distributions to owners, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increase (decrease) through other changes, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increase (decrease) through treasury share transactions, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increase (decrease) through changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increase (decrease) through share-based payment transactions, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amount removed from reserve of cash flow hedges and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of time value of options and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of forward elements of forward contracts and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of foreign currency basis spreads and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total increase (decrease) in equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Equity at end of period	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

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	Components of equity [axis]								
Sheet 3 of 3	Reserve for equalisation [member]	Reserve of discretionary participation features [member]	Other comprehensive income [member]	Other reserves [member]	Equity attributable to owners of parent [member]	Non-controlling interests [member]	Equity [member]		
Statement of changes in equity [line items]									
Equity at beginning of period	0	0	0	2,284,597,000	23,872,089,000	1,828,177,000	25,700,266,000		
Changes in equity [abstract]									
Comprehensive income [abstract]									
Profit (loss)	0	0	0	0	1,282,490,000	13,798,000	1,296,288,000		
Other comprehensive income	0	0	0	(1,171,844,000)	(1,205,187,000)	(7,971,000)	(1,213,158,000)		
Total comprehensive income	0	0	0	(1,171,844,000)	77,303,000	5,827,000	83,130,000		
Issue of equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Dividends recognised as distributions to owners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Increase through other contributions by owners, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Decrease through other distributions to owners, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Increase (decrease) through other changes, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Increase (decrease) through treasury share transactions, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Increase (decrease) through changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Increase (decrease) through share-based payment transactions, equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Amount removed from reserve of cash flow hedges and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of time value of options and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of forward elements of forward contracts and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Amount removed from reserve of change in value of foreign currency basis spreads and included in initial cost or other carrying amount of non-financial asset (liability) or firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total increase (decrease) in equity	0	0	0	(1,171,844,000)	77,303,000	5,827,000	83,130,000		
Equity at end of period	0	0	0	1,112,753,000	23,949,392,000	1,834,004,000	25,783,396,000		

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[700000] Informative data about the Statement of financial position

Concept	Close Current Quarter	Close Previous Exercise			
	2018-03-31	2017-12-31			
Informative data of the Statement of Financial Position [abstract]					
Capital stock (nominal)	5,345,896,000	5,363,595,000			
Restatement of capital stock	0	0			
Plan assets for pensions and seniority premiums	0	0			
Number of executives	0	0			
Number of employees	6,905	6,887			
Number of workers	13,694	13,697			
Outstanding shares	431,221,046	432,749,079			
Repurchased shares	1,528,033	0			
Restricted cash	0	0			
Guaranteed debt of associated companies	0	0			

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[700002] Informative data about the Income statement

Concept	Accumulated Current Year 2018-01-01 - 2018-03-31	Accumulated Previous Year 2017-01-01 - 2017-03-31		
Informative data of the Income Statement [abstract]				
Operating depreciation and amortization	545,737,000	^[1] 517,207,000		

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[700003] Informative data - Income statement for 12 months

Concept	Current Year 2017-04-01 - 2018-03-31	Previous Year 2016-04-01 - 2017-03-31		
Informative data - Income Statement for 12 months [abstract]				
Revenue	70,435,195,000	70,053,180,000		
Profit (loss) from operating activities	9,285,400,000	9,270,677,000		
Profit (loss)	6,261,171,000	6,214,943,000		
Profit (loss), attributable to owners of parent	6,217,766,000	5,937,830,000		
Operating depreciation and amortization	[2] 2,053,247,000	[3] 1,915,446,000		

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[800001] Breakdown of credits

Institution [axis]	Foreign institution	Contract	Expiration								tion [axis]	xis]						
	(yes/no)	signing date	date				Domestic o	urrency [member]			Foreign currency [member]							
					Time interval [axis]				Time interval [axis]									
					Current year [member]	Until 1 year [member]	Until 2 years [member]	Until 3 years [member]	Until 4 years [member]	Until 5 years or more [member]	Current year [member]	Until 1 year [member]	Until 2 years [member]	Until 3 years [member]	Until 4 years [member]	Until 5 years or more [member]		
Banks [abstract]																		
Foreign trade																		
TOTAL					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Banks - secured																		
TOTAL					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Commercial banks																		
1.MERCANTIL COMMERCEBANK	SI	2018-01-29	2018-04-27	VAR. L+0.50%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	192,617,000	0	0	0	0		
2. BANCO BLADEX	SI	2018-03-05	2018-06-04	VAR. L+0.45%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	137,584,000	0	0	0	0		
3. BBVA ESPAÑA	SI	2015-06-30	2020-10-09	VAR. 1.290%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,170,000	9,170,000	6,368,000	0	0		
4. REINDUS	SI	2015-06-30	2023-10-01	FIJO 3.950%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,901,000	2,901,000	2,901,000	2,901,000	2,901,000		
5. SANTANDER ESPAÑA	SI	2015-06-30	2021-12-15	VAR. EURIBOR+0.65%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,121,000	4,532,000	4,532,000	4,523,000	0		
6. BANCA INTESA SANPAOLO GROUP	SI	2015-12-24	2020-06-30	FIJO 1.190%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40,021,000	40,061,000	20,045,000	0	0		
7. BANCO POPULAR	SI	2014-01-01	2020-03-25	FIJO 2.389%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	662,000	674,000	0	0	0		
8. BBVA ESPAÑA	SI	2017-07-24	2024-07-21	FIJO 1.53%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38,180,000	38,188,000	38,188,000	38,188,000	114,576,000		
9. BONO 10Y2024	SI	2014-12-05	2024-12-01	FIJO 4.875%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,289,317,000		
10. RABOBANK REVOLVENTE	SI	2017-04-21	2022-04-21	VAR. L+1.00%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,586,125,000		
11. BANK OF TOKYO	SI	2017-07-20	2018-07-20	FIJO 7.43%	1,000,000,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
12. HSBC	NO	2018-03-18	2018-04-05	FIJO 7.9899%	600,000,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
13. HSBC	NO	2018-03-14	2018-04-05	FIJO 7.99%	100,000,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
14. SANTANDER	NO	2018-03-15	2018-04-12	FIJO 7.98%	1,000,000,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
15. SCOTIABANK REVOLVENTE	NO	2017-09-27	2020-09-28	VAR. L+0.75%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,186,639,000	0	0		
16. RABOBANK TERM LOAN	SI	2017-04-21	2022-04-21	VAR. L+1.00%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	343,959,000	412,751,000	481,543,000	1,462,000,000		
17. SANTANDER	NO	2018-03-22	2018-04-19	FIJO 7.9914%	620,000,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
19. SANTANDER	NO	2018-03-27	2018-04-26	FIJO 7.9963%	100,000,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
20. BBVA	NO	2018-03-28	2018-04-05	FIJO 7.99%	780,000,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
TOTAL		20.00020	1 20.0 0.00	1.001.00%	4,200,000,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	428,256,000	439,485,000	1,671,424,000	527,155,000	13,454,919,000		
Other banks					4,200,000,000	,	Ţ.	· ·	· ·	· ·	•	420,200,000	400,400,000	1,071,424,000	027,100,000	10,404,313,000		
TOTAL					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total banks					,	,	,		•			•	•	•	•			
TOTAL					4,200,000,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	428,256,000	439,485,000	1,671,424,000	527,155,000	13,454,919,000		
Stock market [abstract]					7,200,000,000	J	0		•	0	•	720,230,000	400,400,000	1,071,424,000	021,100,000	10,404,313,000		
Listed on stock exchange - unsecured	 																	
TOTAL					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Listed on stock exchange - secured						, i			•				•	•	•			
TOTAL					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Private placements - unsecured					•	•			•	•	•		•	•	•			
TOTAL					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Private placements - secured						J	0		•	•	•	3	•	3	J			
TOTAL					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total listed on stock exchanges and private						3			•	•	0	3	•	3	3			
placements		ı			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
TOTAL					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Other current and non-current liabilities with																		

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Consolidated

Institution [axis]	Foreign institution	Contract	Expiration	Interest rate		Denomination [axis]										
	(yes/no)	signing date	date				Domestic o	urrency [member]					Foreign cu	rrency [member]		
					Time interval [axis]							Time i	nterval [axis]			
					Current year	Until 1 year	Until 2 years	Until 3 years	Until 4 years	Until 5 years or more	Current year	Until 1 year	Until 2 years	Until 3 years	Until 4 years	Until 5 years or more
cost [abstract]				<u> </u>	[member]	[member]	[member]	[member]	[member]	[member]	[member]	[member]	[member]	[member]	[member]	[member]
Other current and non-current liabilities with																
cost																
TOTAL					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total other current and non-current liabilities with cost																
TOTAL					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suppliers [abstract]																
Suppliers																
VARIOS	NO	2018-03-01	2019-03-31		0	3,178,563,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VARIOS EXT	NO	2018-03-01	2019-03-31		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,648,370,000	0	0	0	0
TOTAL					0	3,178,563,000	0	0	0	0	0	3,648,370,000	0	0	0	0
Total suppliers																
TOTAL					0	3,178,563,000	0	0	0	0	0	3,648,370,000	0	0	0	0
Other current and non-current liabilities [abstract]																
Other current and non-current liabilities																
VARIOS CORTO PLAZO	NO				0	180,376,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL					0	180,376,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total other current and non-current liabilities																
TOTAL					0	180,376,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total credits																
TOTAL					4,200,000,000	3,358,939,000	0	0	0	0	0	4,076,626,000	439,485,000	1,671,424,000	527,155,000	13,454,919,000

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[800003] Annex - Monetary foreign currency position

Disclosure of monetary foreign currency position [text block]

The closing exchange rates used for preparing the financial information are as follows:

18.3445 Pesos per U.S. dollar

572.50 Costa Rica colons per U.S. dollar

1.3011 Australian dollars per U.S. dollar

6.3046 Chinese yuans per U.S. dollar

0.7126 Pound sterling per U.S. dollar

0.9567 Swiss franc per U.S. dollar

0.8131 Euro per U.S. dollar

3.8692 Malaysian ringgits per U.S. dollar

26.5910 Ukrainian hryvnias per U.S. dollar

57.7626 Russian rubles per U.S. dollar

3.9949 Turkish liras per U.S. dollar

1.3099 Singapore dollars per U.S. dollar

			Currencies [axis]		
	Dollars [member]	Dollar equivalent in pesos [member]	Other currencies equivalent in dollars [member]	Other currencies equivalent in pesos [member]	Total pesos [member]
Foreign currency position [abstract]					
Monetary assets [abstract]					
Current monetary assets	341,395,000	6,262,721,000	201,345,000	3,693,573,000	9,956,294,000
Non-current monetary assets	911,000	16,712,000	2,830,000	51,915,000	68,627,000
Total monetary assets	342,306,000	6,279,433,000	204,175,000	3,745,488,000	10,024,921,000
Liabilities position [abstract]					
Current liabilities	291,174,000	5,341,441,000	101,603,000	1,863,862,000	7,205,303,000
Non-current liabilities	891,452,000	16,353,241,000	21,852,000	400,859,000	16,754,100,000
Total liabilities	1,182,626,000	21,694,682,000	123,455,000	2,264,721,000	23,959,403,000
Net monetary assets (liabilities)	(840,320,000)	(15,415,249,000)	80,720,000	1,480,767,000	(13,934,482,000)

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[800005] Annex - Distribution of income by product

		Income type [axis]								
	National income [member]	Export income [member]	Income of subsidiaries abroad [member]	Total income [member]						
MASECA										
HARINA DE MAIZ	4,759,278,000	0	0	4,759,278,000						
MASECA, MISSION, GUERRERO										
H. DE MAIZ, TORTILLAS, OTROS	0	0	12,772,850,000	12,772,850,000						
TOTAL	4,759,278,000	0	12,772,850,000	17,532,128,000						

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[800007] Annex - Financial derivate instruments

Management discussion about the policy uses of financial derivate instruments, explaining if these policies are allowed just for coverage or for other uses like trading [text block]

Derivative financial instruments contracting policies.

Gruma's policies regarding financial instruments establish that the acquisition of any derivative financial instruments agreement must be associated with the hedging of an underlying operation of the company, such as the purchase of inventory or fuel consumption (commodities), interest payment at a determined rate, foreign currency payments at an exchange rate, among others.

Gruma has a Risks Management policy that details the procedure to authorize their contracting.

General description of the objectives to use derivative financial instruments.

The availability and price of corn and other agricultural commodities are subject to important fluctuations due to factors that are beyond our control, such as the weather, planting seasons, agricultural programs and government policies (both national and foreign), changes in the global supply/demand created by population growth, competitors and global production of similar harvests. The objective of using derivative financial instruments is to reduce the aforementioned risks.

Likewise, in the normal course of business, Gruma enters into transactions in which it could be exposed to risks for changes in the interest rates or for fluctuations of exchange rates. The variations in the exchange rates can result from changes in the economic conditions, tax and monetary policies, volatile conditions, global markets liquidity, international and local political events, among others. In order to minimize these risks Gruma has entered into certain financial instruments.

Instruments used and hedging or negotiation strategies implemented.

We hedge a part of our production requirements through futures and options contracts in order to minimize the risk generated by the fluctuations in the price and supply of corn, natural gas and diesel, risk that exists as an ordinary part of our business.

Additionally, Gruma has entered into certain financial instruments such as interest rate swaps and foreign exchange financial instruments (FX).

Allowed negotiation markets and eligible counterparties.

In order to minimize the counterparty solvency risk, Gruma enters into derivative financial instruments only with major national and international financial institutions using mainly, when applicable depending on the derivative instrument used, the standard International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. ("ISDA") authorized forms and long form confirmation agreements.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

Policies on the appointment of calculation or valuation agents.

Gruma appoints the counterparties as calculation agents who periodically send the account statements of the open positions of the financial instruments.

Policies on margins, collaterals, credit lines, VAR.

The Central Risks Committee of Gruma establishes that the derivative financial transactions may be performed with collaterals or using credit lines for that purpose.

The majority of the executed transactions establish certain obligations on behalf of the Issuer to guarantee, from time to time, the differential between fair value and the credit line (risk margin) established with the respective financial institutions, consequently the timely compliance of those obligations are assured. Additionally, it is made clear that, upon failure to fulfill the obligations of providing collateral, the counterparty will have the right, but not the obligation, to early terminate the transactions in place, and to demand the corresponding consideration pursuant to the agreed terms. In addition, and in order to maintain a risk exposure level within the boundaries authorized by the Central Risks Committee and the Audit Committee, the Corporate Treasury department reports, in a weekly and monthly manner, the information about the Derivative Financial Instruments to such organs, respectively, and quarterly to the Board of Directors.

As of this date, Gruma has margin calls with their counterparty for \$63,526 thousand pesos.

Internal control procedures to manage the exposure to market and liquidity risks.

The Finance Department of each region in which the company has operations, evaluates the changes in the exposure of the derivative financial instruments and periodically informs them to the Corporate Financial & Planning Management, and the latter informs the General Management and the Central Risks Committee when the market conditions have materially changed. The execution of the derivative financial instruments is authorized pursuant to the guidelines set forth in the Risks Management policy of the company.

Existence of an independent third party who reviews the aforementioned procedures.

The procedures are reviewed in the external audit process performed by PricewaterhouseCoopers, S.C. annually.

 Information regarding the authorization of the use of derivatives and if there is a committee in charge of giving those authorizations and the derivatives risk management.

All derivative financial transactions must be previously authorized by a Divisional Risks Committee and by the Central Risks Committee which is formed by members of the senior management and approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors.

General description about valuation techniques, standing out the instruments valuated at cost or fair value, just like methods and valuation techniques [text block]

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

Description of methods, valuation techniques and valuation frequency:

Derivative financial instruments that are not reported as hedging instruments for accounting purposes are initially recorded at fair value, and at the end of each reporting period they are re-measured at their fair value. The result of this valuation is recognized in the income statement. All accounting records comply with applicable regulations and are based on the official financial statements of each Financial Institution.

For derivative financial instruments that qualify as cash flow hedges, the effects of changes in the fair value of such derivative financial instrument are included within the other comprehensive income in equity, based on an evaluation of the hedge effectiveness. Such changes in the fair value are reclassified to income in the period when the firm commitment or projected transaction is realized. Derivative financial instruments that qualify as fair value hedges are initially recorded at fair value and the effects of changes in the fair value are recorded in the income statement, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

Clarification concerning if the valuation is performed by an independent third party or if it is an
internal valuation and on which cases one or the other valuation is used. If it is performed by a
third party, if his arranger, seller or counterparty of the derivative financial instrument is
mentioned.

Gruma determines the fair value based on recognized market prices. When not quoted in markets, fair value is determined using valuation techniques commonly used in the financial sector. Fair value reflects the credit risk of the instrument and includes adjustments to consider the credit risk of the Company or the counterparty, when applicable. Regarding purchases of corn, natural gas and diesel futures the market values of the US Chicago and New York futures exchanges are taken as reference, through the specialized Financial Institutions engaged for such purposes. These valuations are made periodically.

• For hedging instruments, explanation of the method used to determine the effectiveness of the same, identifying the current available hedging level of the global position.

Effectiveness of hedges is determined when the changes in fair value or cash flows of the underlying operation are offset by changes in fair value or cash flows of the hedging instrument in a ratio that falls within an inverse correlation range from 80% to 125%.

When a hedge is no longer effective as well as when the hedge does not comply with the documentation requirements set forth in the International Financial Reporting Standards the results of the valuation of the financial instruments at their fair value are recognized in the income statement.

As of March 31, 2018, the open positions of financial instruments of corn that qualified as hedges had 100% of effectiveness.

Management discussion about intern and extern sources of liquidity that could be used for attending requirements related to financial derivate instruments [text block]

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

 Discussion about the internal and external sources of liquidity that could be used to attend the requirements related to derivative financial instruments.

There is potential liquidity requirements under our derivative financial instruments described in Section II below. Gruma plans to use its available cash flow as well as other available liquidity sources to satisfy such liquidity requirements.

Changes and management explanation in principal risk exposures identified, as contingencies and events known by the administration that could affect future reports [text block]

 Description of the changes in the exposure to major identified risks, its management and contingencies that could affect it in future reports.

The availability and price of corn and other agricultural commodities are subject to important fluctuations due to factors that are beyond our control, such as the weather, planting seasons, agricultural programs and government policies (both national and foreign), changes in the global supply/demand created by population growth, competitors and global production of similar harvests. We hedge a part of our production requirements through futures contracts and options in order to reduce the risk generated by the fluctuations in price and supply of corn, natural gas and diesel, risks that exist in the normal course of our business.

Gruma carried out forward and options transactions with the intention of hedging the currency risk of the Mexican peso with respect to the U.S. dollar, related with the price of corn purchases for domestic and imported harvest. The fair value of these derivative instruments can decrease or increase in the future before the instruments expire. The variations in the exchange rate can result from changes in the economic conditions, tax and monetary policies, volatile conditions, global markets liquidity, international and local political events, among others.

Disclosure of eventualities, such as changes on the value of the underlying asset, which cause it to differ from the one originally agreed, that modify it, or that the hedging level has changed, pursuant to which the issuer is required to assume new obligations or affect its liquidity:

Gruma carried out forward and options transactions with the intention of hedging the currency risk of the Mexican peso with respect to the U.S. dollar, related with the price of corn purchases for domestic and imported harvest. The fair value of these derivative instruments can decrease or increase in the future before the instruments expire. The variations in the exchange rate can result from changes in the economic conditions, tax and monetary policies, volatile conditions, global markets liquidity, international and local political events, among others.

• Include Influence on results or cash flow of the mentioned derivative transactions:

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As of March 31, 2018, the open positions of corn and fuels financial instruments were valued at their fair value. The financial instruments of corn that qualified as hedges for accounting purposes represented a gain of \$42,365 thousand pesos which was applied to other comprehensive income in equity.

As of March 31, 2018, the Company did not have open positions of corn financial instruments that did not qualify as hedges for accounting.

The open positions of fuels financial instruments that qualify as hedges for accounting purposes represented a loss of \$2,427 thousand pesos which was applied to other comprehensive income in equity. The open positions of fuels financial instruments that did not qualify as hedges for accounting purposes represented a loss of \$1,150 thousand pesos which was applied to the income statement.

As of March 31, 2018, the foreign exchange derivative financial instruments were valuated at fair value. The open positions of these instruments that qualified as hedges for accounting purposes represented a loss of approximately \$30,269 thousand pesos was applied to other comprehensive income in equity

As of March 31, 2018, the open positions of these instruments that did not qualify as hedges for accounting represented a loss of \$16,398 thousand pesos, which was reflected on the income statement.

Description and number of the derivative financial instruments that had expired during the quarter and those which its position has been closed.

As of March 31, 2018, the Company reclassified the amount of \$10,347 thousand pesos from comprehensive income and recognized it as part of inventory. This amount refers to the gain from the closed operations for corn hedges, in which the grain, subject to these hedges, was received. Additionally, the corn hedges terminated during the period and for which no corn has been received, originated a gain of \$50,577 thousand pesos, which was recognized in comprehensive income, and will be transferred to inventory once the corn is received.

The operations that concluded during the first quarter of 2018, for financial instruments of corn and fuels, recognized in income, represented a loss of \$4,547 thousand pesos.

The operations that concluded during the first quarter of 2018 regarding the foreign exchange financial instruments originated a gain of \$7,352 thousand pesos which was reflected on the income statement.

Description and number of the margin calls presented during the quarter.

As of March 31, 2018, the company has revolving funds denominated "margin calls" for \$63,526 thousand pesos. The margin calls are required upon the variations in the prices of the underlying asset as collateral in favor of the counterparty to reduce the risk of non-payment in an event of default.

Disclosure of any breach that has been presented to the respective agreements.

The company has complied with all obligations under its derivative financial instruments agreements.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

Quantitative information for disclosure [text block]

I. Characteristics of the derivative financial instruments as of the date of this report.

Summary of Derivative Financial Instruments as of March 31, 2018 Amounts in Thousands of Pesos

Corn and Fuels Derivative Financial Instruments

20 Type of	21. Hedging / Negotiation	22. N	Notiona	il Amount		22. Underlying Asset (pesos)		Fair Value (Thousands of pesos)		24. Installments (Thousands of pesos)		25. Collatrall / Lines of credit / Guarantees	Long /
Derivative	purpouse	1st Quarter 20	018	4th Quarte	er 2017	1st Quarter 2018	4th Quarter 2017	1st Quarter 2018	4th Quarter 2017	2018	2019	(Thousands of pesos)	Short
Corn futures Swap maiz Swap gas	Hedge Hedge Negotication*				Bushels Bushels Mmbtu Mmbtu	75.3959 70.6951 51.7495 51.4339	69.2219 70.1427 55.6759	(15,936) 58,301 (1,150)	(8,585) (50,340) (15,309)	(15,719) 57,338 (295)	(217) - (855)	34,362 n.a. n.a.	Short Long Long
Swapgas	Hedge	2,320,000 M	imbtu		Mm Diu	51.4333		38,787	(74,235)	39,482	(1,658)	29,164 63,526	Long -

Exchange Rate Derivative Financial Instruments

20. Type of Purchase		21. Hedging /	Currency	22. Notional Amount (Thousands of USD)		22. Underlying Asset (pesos)		Fair Value (Thousands of pesos)		24. Install ments (Thousands of pesos)		25. Collatral I / Lines of credit /	Long /
Derivative	/ Sell	Negotiation purpouse	exchange	1st Quarter 2018	4th Quarter 2017	1st Quarter 2018	4th Quarter 2017	1st Quarter 2018	4th Quarter 2017	2018	2019	(Thousands of pesos)	Short
Forwards	Purcha se	Hedge	USD-MXN	22.873	36,000	18,8448	18.1799	(6, 225)	58,617	(6, 225)		n.a.	Long
Forwards		Hedge	USD-MXN	85,000	54,000	18.8290	18.3232	(21,817)	80,222	(21,817)		n.a.	Long
Forwards	Purcha se	Hedge	USD-MXN	14,800	17,400	18.8356	19.2757	(3,812)	9,398	(3,812)	-	n.a.	Long
Forwards	Sell	Hedge	USD-MXN	3,000		19.0564		1,585		1,188	397	n.a.	Long
Forwards	Purcha se	Negotiation*	USD-MXN	20,800	42,200	18.3321	18.2300	1,212	72,030	1,212		n.a.	Long
Forwards	Purcha se	Negotiation*	USD-MXN	35,200	21,300	18.9128	18.9777	(9,029)	19,762	(9,029)	-	n.a.	Long
Forwards	Purcha se	Negotiation*	USD-MXN	35,300	-	18.8995		(8,581)	-	(8,581)	-	n.a.	Long
				216,973	170,900			(46,668)	240,030	(47,065)	397		

^{*} The sole purpose of the Company's acquisition of derivative financial instruments is hedging market and liquidity risks, notwithstanding, the accounting rules require specific documentation and evidence to classify a derivative financial instrument as a hedging instrument, and consequently the company classified its derivative financial instruments as negotiation instruments.

 As of March 31, 2018, the financial instruments transactions of corn and fuels in long positions represented a gain of \$54,723 thousand pesos and for short positions represented a loss of \$15,936. The financial instruments transactions of exchange rate represented a loss of \$46,668 thousand pesos in long positions.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

• As of March 31, 2018 the Company has revolving funds denominated "margin calls" for \$64,526 thousand pesos, required upon variations in prices of the underlying asset as collateral in favor of the counterparty in order to reduce the risk of non-payment in an event of default.

As of March 31, 2018, the Company reclassified the amount of \$10,347 thousand pesos from comprehensive income and recognized it as part of inventory. This amount refers to the gain from the closed operations for corn hedges, in which the grain, subject to these hedges, was received. Additionally, the corn hedges terminated during the period and for which no corn has been received, originated a gain of \$50,577 thousand pesos, which was recognized in comprehensive income, and will be transferred to inventory once the corn is received.

The operations that concluded during the first quarter of 2018, for financial instruments of corn and fuels, recognized in income, represented a loss of \$4,547 thousand pesos.

The operations that concluded during the first quarter of 2018 regarding the foreign exchange financial instruments originated a gain of \$7,352 thousand pesos which was reflected on the income statement.

II. Sensitivity analysis

Corn and Fuels Derivative Financial Instruments:

According to the position as of March 31, 2018, a hypothetical 10 percent loss of the fuels value would result in an additional adverse effect of \$13,166 thousand pesos (for non-qualifying contracts). This sensitivity analysis is determined based on the underlying assets' values obtained from the valuation performed as of March 31, 2018.

	Hedging /			As of Mai	rch 31, 2018	Potential L	oss (Thousand	s of pesos)
Type of Derivative	Negotiation purpouse	Notional Amount		Underlyin g Asset (pesos)		Variation 10%	Variation 25%	Variation 50%
Swap gas	Ne gotioation*	2,540,000	Mm btu	51.7495	(1,150)	(13,166)	(32,916)	(65,832)
					(1,150)	(13,166)	(32,916)	(65,832)

Exchange Rate Derivative Financial Instruments:

Based on our position as of March 31, 2018, a hypothetical appreciation of 10% of the Mexican peso against the United States dollar would result in an additional unfavorable effect of \$171,419 thousand pesos (for non-qualifying contracts). This sensitivity analysis is based in the value of the underlying assets given in the valuation made by the counterparty as of March 31, 2018, which includes the effects on the exchange rate variables, time and volatility.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

	Hedging/		_	Notional		As of Marc	h 31, 2018	Potential Loss (Thousands of pesos)			
Type of Derivative	Purchase / Sell	Negotiation purpouse	Currency exchange	(Th	Amount lous ands of USD)	Underlying Asset (pesos)	Fair Value (Thousands of pesos)	Variation 10%	Variation 25%	Variation 50%	
Forwards	Purcha se	Negotiation*	U SD-MXN	ŝ	20,800	18.3321	1,212	(38,131)	(95, 327)	(190,654)	
Forwards	Purcha se	•		\$	35,200	18.9128	(9,029)	(66,573)	(166, 433)	(332,865)	
Forwards	Purcha se	Negotiation*	U SD-MXN	\$	35,300	18.8995	(8,581)	(66,715)	(166, 788)	(333,576)	
				\$	91,300		(16,398)	(171,419)	(428, 548)	(857,095)	

^{*} The sole purpose of the Company's acquisition of derivative financial instruments is hedging market and liquidity risks, notwithstanding, the accounting rules require specific documentation and evidence to classify a derivative financial instrument as a hedging instrument, and consequently the company classified its derivative financial instruments as negotiation instruments.

 For derivative financial instruments with negotiation purposes or those whose ineffectiveness of the hedge must be acknowledged, description of the method applied in determining the expected losses or the price sensitivity of the derivatives, including volatility.

The potential losses of the derivative financial instruments were determined pursuant to the underlying assets' value and their volatility, under a sensibility analysis considering a 10%, 25% and 50% loss in the underlying assets' value.

- Presentation of a sensitivity analysis for such transactions that includes, at least, the following elements:
 - a) Identification of the risks that may create losses in the issuer for derivative transactions.
 - b) Identification of the instruments that would create such losses.

The fair value of corn and fuels derivative financial instruments can decrease or increase in the future before the date of maturity of the instruments. These variations can be the result of factors that are beyond our control, such as the weather, planting seasons, agricultural programs and government policies (both national and foreign), changes in the global supply/demand created by population growth, competitors and global production of similar harvests.

The fair value of the foreign exchange financial instruments can decrease or increase in the future before the expiration date of said instruments. These variations in the exchange rate can be the result of changes in the economic, fiscal policies or monetary conditions, volatility, liquidity in global markets, international or local political events, among others.

- Presentation of 3 scenarios (probable, possible and remote or stress) that can create negative circumstances for the issuer, identifying the assumptions and factors taken into consideration in their execution.
 - a) Possible scenario with a variation of at least 25% in the underlying asset's Price and remote scenario with a variation of at least 50%.

The sensitivity chart already contains this information.

Estimation of the potential loss reflected in the income statement and cash flow for each scenario.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

For the derivative financial instruments of corn and fuels, based on our position as of March 31, 2018, a hypothetical change of 10%, 25% and 50% loss in market prices applied to the fair value of the instruments would result in an additional charge to income for \$13,166, \$32,916 and \$65,832 thousands of pesos, respectively.

For the foreign exchange financial instruments, based on our position as of March 31, 2018, a hypothetical change of 10%, 25% and 50% of appreciation of the Mexican peso against the United States dollar would result in an additional charge of \$171,419, \$428,548 and \$857,095 thousand pesos, respectively.

 For hedging financial instruments, indicate the stress level or the variation of the underlying assets under which the effectiveness measures result sufficient.

Effectiveness of hedges are determined when the changes in fair market value or cash flows of the underlying operation are offset by changes in fair market value or cash flows of the hedging instrument in a ratio that falls within an inverse correlation range from 80% to 125%.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[800100] Notes - Subclassifications of assets, liabilities and equities

Concept	Close Current Quarter 2018-03-31	Close Previous Exercise 2017-12-31
Subclassifications of assets, liabilities and equities [abstract]		
Cash and cash equivalents [abstract]		
Cash [abstract]		
Cash on hand	0	0
Balances with banks	3,982,680,000	3,130,860,000
Total cash	3,982,680,000	3,130,860,000
Cash equivalents [abstract]	0,002,000,000	0,100,000,000
Short-term deposits, classified as cash equivalents	0	0
Short-term investments, classified as cash equivalents	121,256,000	99,120,000
Other banking arrangements, classified as cash equivalents	0	0
Total cash equivalents	121,256,000	99,120,000
	121,230,000	99,120,000
Other cash and cash equivalents	-	
Total cash and cash equivalents	4,103,936,000	3,229,980,000
Trade and other current receivables [abstract]	7.005.004.000	7 474 000 000
Current trade receivables	7,065,281,000	7,171,922,000
Current receivables due from related parties	0	0
Current prepayments [abstract]		
Current advances to suppliers	0	0
Current prepaid expenses	388,512,000	336,614,000
Total current prepayments	388,512,000	336,614,000
Current receivables from taxes other than income tax	1,294,056,000	1,320,817,000
Current value added tax receivables	1,294,056,000	1,320,817,000
Current receivables from sale of properties	0	0
Current receivables from rental of properties	0	0
Other current receivables	559,138,000	688,211,000
Total trade and other current receivables	9,306,987,000	9,517,564,000
Classes of current inventories [abstract]		
Current raw materials and current production supplies [abstract]		
Current raw materials	9,171,200,000	8,354,909,000
Current production supplies	0	0
Total current raw materials and current production supplies	9,171,200,000	8,354,909,000
Current merchandise	0	0
Current work in progress	268,454,000	209,980,000
Current finished goods	1,276,556,000	1,229,294,000
Current spare parts	668,965,000	692,925,000
Property intended for sale in ordinary course of business	0	0
Other current inventories	315,843,000	302,566,000
Total current inventories	11,701,018,000	10,789,674,000
Non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale or as held for distribution to owners [abstract]		
Non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale	0	0
Non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for distribution to owners	0	0
Total non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale or as held for distribution to owners	0	0
Trade and other non-current receivables [abstract]		
Trade and other non-current receivables [abstract] Non-current trade receivables	179,202,000	198,559,000
	179,202,000	198,559,000
Non-current trade receivables Non-current receivables due from related parties		
Non-current trade receivables Non-current receivables due from related parties Non-current prepayments	0	0
Non-current trade receivables Non-current receivables due from related parties	0	0

Concept	Close Current	Close Previous
	Quarter 2018-03-31	Exercise 2017-12-31
Non-current receivables from sale of properties	0	0
Non-current receivables from rental of properties	0	0
Revenue for billing	0	0
Other non-current receivables	2,274,000	2,824,000
Total trade and other non-current receivables	181,476,000	201,383,000
Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates [abstract]	101,470,000	201,000,000
Investments in subsidiaries	6,406,000	6,576,000
Investments in joint ventures	0	0
Investments in associates	0	0
Total investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates	6,406,000	6,576,000
Property, plant and equipment [abstract]	0,400,000	0,070,000
Land and buildings [abstract]		
Land	2,218,349,000	2,299,960,000
Buildings	6,158,535,000	
		6,453,493,000
Total land and buildings	8,376,884,000	8,753,453,000
Machinery	14,281,145,000	15,036,525,000
Vehicles [abstract]		
Ships	0	0
Aircraft	0	0
Motor vehicles	0	0
Total vehicles	0	0
Fixtures and fittings	0	0
Office equipment	0	0
Tangible exploration and evaluation assets	0	0
Mining assets	0	0
Oil and gas assets	0	0
Construction in progress	4,928,506,000	5,016,328,000
Construction prepayments	0	0
Other property, plant and equipment	472,277,000	520,598,000
Total property, plant and equipment	28,058,812,000	29,326,904,000
Investment property [abstract]		
Investment property completed	0	0
Investment property under construction or development	0	0
Investment property prepayments	0	0
Total investment property	0	0
Intangible assets and goodwill [abstract]		
Intangible assets other than goodwill [abstract]		
Brand names	87,666,000	93,481,000
Intangible exploration and evaluation assets	0	0
Mastheads and publishing titles	0	0
Computer software	257,412,000	233,465,000
Licences and franchises	2,266,000	1,993,000
Copyrights, patents and other industrial property rights, service and operating rights	0	0
Recipes, formulae, models, designs and prototypes	0	0
Intangible assets under development	0	0
Other intangible assets	179,174,000	186,068,000
Total intangible assets other than goodwill	526,518,000	515,007,000
Goodwill	3,512,683,000	3,707,696,000
Total intangible assets and goodwill	4,039,201,000	4,222,703,000
Trade and other current payables [abstract]	6 900 000 000	6 540 000 000
Current trade payables	6,826,933,000	6,512,239,000
Current payables to related parties	0	0
Accruals and deferred income classified as current [abstract]		

Concept	Close Current Quarter 2018-03-31	Close Previous Exercise 2017-12-31
Deferred income classified as current	0	0
Rent deferred income classified as current	0	0
Accruals classified as current	74,559,000	61,417,000
Short-term employee benefits accruals	74,559,000	61,417,000
Total accruals and deferred income classified as current	74,559,000	61,417,000
Current payables on social security and taxes other than income tax	54,841,000	74,804,000
Current value added tax payables	54,841,000	74,804,000
Current retention payables	0	0
Other current payables	3,389,789,000	4,545,910,000
Total trade and other current payables	10,346,122,000	11,194,370,000
Other current financial liabilities [abstract]		, , , , , , , , , , ,
Bank loans current	4,628,256,000	2,896,675,000
Stock market loans current	0	0
Other current jabilities at cost	0	0
Other current liabilities no cost	180,376,000	81,034,000
Other current financial liabilities	95.807.000	74,235,000
Total Other current financial liabilities	4,904,439,000	3,051,944,000
Trade and other non-current payables [abstract]	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	5,001,011,000
Non-current trade payables	0	0
Non-current payables to related parties	0	0
Accruals and deferred income classified as non-current [abstract]		
Deferred income classified as non-current	0	0
Rent deferred income classified as non-current	0	0
Accruals classified as non-current	0	0
Total accruals and deferred income classified as non-current	0	0
Non-current payables on social security and taxes other than income tax	0	0
Non-current value added tax payables	0	0
Non-current retention payables	0	0
Other non-current payables	11,040,000	12,318,000
Total trade and other non-current payables	11,040,000	12,318,000
Other non-current financial liabilities [abstract]	, , , , , ,	,, ,,,,,,
Bank loans non-current	16,092,983,000	17,310,045,000
Stock market loans non-current	0	0
Other non-current liabilities at cost	0	0
Other non-current liabilities no cost	0	0
Other non-current financial liabilities	0	0
Total Other non-current financial liabilities	16,092,983,000	17,310,045,000
Other provisions [abstract]	10,002,000,000	11,010,010,000
Other non-current provisions	515,171,000	576,132,000
Other current provisions	98,033,000	105,466,000
Total other provisions	613,204,000	681,598,000
Other reserves [abstract]	010,201,000	001,000,000
Revaluation surplus	0	0
Reserve of exchange differences on translation	1,109,795,000	1,872,713,000
Reserve of cash flow hedges	59,351,000	240,415,000
Reserve of gains and losses on hedging instruments that hedge investments in equity instruments	0	240,413,000
Reserve of change in value of time value of options	0	0
Reserve of change in value of forward elements of forward contracts	0	0
Reserve of change in value of foreign currency basis spreads	0	0
Reserve of gains and losses on remeasuring available-for-sale financial assets	0	0
-	0	0
Reserve of share-based payments Reserve of remeasurements of defined benefit plans	0	0
Amount recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity relating to non-current assets or	0	0
Amount recognised in other completionine and accumulated in equity relating to non-current assets of	0	0

Concept	Close Current Quarter 2018-03-31	Close Previous Exercise 2017-12-31
disposal groups held for sale		
Reserve of gains and losses from investments in equity instruments	0	0
Reserve of change in fair value of financial liability attributable to change in credit risk of liability	0	0
Reserve for catastrophe	0	0
Reserve for equalisation	0	0
Reserve of discretionary participation features	0	0
Reserve of equity component of convertible instruments	0	0
Capital redemption reserve	0	0
Merger reserve	0	0
Statutory reserve	0	0
Other comprehensive income	0	0
Total other reserves	1,169,146,000	2,113,128,000
Net assets (liabilities) [abstract]		
Assets	60,748,260,000	60,820,763,000
Liabilities	34,769,017,000	34,842,845,000
Net assets (liabilities)	25,979,243,000	25,977,918,000
Net current assets (liabilities) [abstract]		
Current assets	26,170,420,000	24,707,830,000
Current liabilities	16,047,994,000	14,752,262,000
Net current assets (liabilities)	10,122,426,000	9,955,568,000

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[800200] Notes - Analysis of income and expense

Concept	Accumulated Current Year 2018-01-01 - 2018-03-31	Accumulated Previous Year 2017-01-01 - 2017-03-31
Analysis of income and expense [abstract]		
Revenue [abstract]		
Revenue from rendering of services	0	0
Revenue from sale of goods	17,532,128,000	17,677,451,000
Interest income	0	0
Royalty income	0	0
Dividend income	0	0
Rental income	0	0
Revenue from construction contracts	0	0
Other revenue	0	0
Total revenue	17,532,128,000	17,677,451,000
Finance income [abstract]		
Interest income	12,931,000	13,396,000
Net gain on foreign exchange	65,950,000	174,703,000
Gains on change in fair value of derivatives	0	0
Gain on change in fair value of financial instruments	0	0
Other finance income	3,427,000	0
Total finance income	82,308,000	188,099,000
Finance costs [abstract]		
Interest expense	232,218,000	158,448,000
Net loss on foreign exchange	0	0
Losses on change in fair value of derivatives	100,839,000	472,327,000
Loss on change in fair value of financial instruments	0	0
Other finance cost	10,925,000	8,977,000
Total finance costs	343,982,000	639,752,000
Tax income (expense)		
Current tax	539,002,000	592,774,000
Deferred tax	61,636,000	(161,049,000)
Total tax income (expense)	600,638,000	431,725,000

GRUMA, S.A.B. de C.V. Consolidated Ticker: **GRUMA** Quarter: Year: 2018 [800500] Notes - List of notes Disclosure of notes and other explanatory information [text block] Since the information presented herein refers to interim financial information, the Company opted to prepare its information according to IAS 34 (Option 1). Disclosure of accrued expenses and other liabilities [text block] Other liabilities mainly includes: Employee benefits payable and promotion and advertising payable. Disclosure of associates [text block] The Company has no investment in associated companies. Disclosure of auditors' remuneration [text block] Audit fees are disclosed at the end of the period.

Disclosure of authorisation of financial statements [text block]

The consolidated financial statements were authorized by the Chief Administrative Office of the Company on April 6, 2018.

Disclosure of available-for-sale financial assets [text block] As of March 31, 2018, the Company does not have assets held for sale. Disclosure of basis of preparation of financial statements [text block] -BASIS OF MEASUREMENT The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost, except for certain financial instruments as described in the policies shown below (See accounting pol instruments). The preparation of financial statements requires that management make judgments, estimates and affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, incon Actual results could differ from those estimates. Disclosure of biological assets, agriculture produce at point of harve government grants related to biological assets [text block]	Year:	2018
As of March 31, 2018, the Company does not have assets held for sale. Disclosure of basis of preparation of financial statements [text blc -BASIS OF MEASUREMENT The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost, except for certain financial instruments as described in the policies shown below (See accounting pol instruments). The preparation of financial statements requires that management make judgments, estimates and affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, incom Actual results could differ from those estimates.	ck]	
Disclosure of basis of preparation of financial statements [text blood of the basis of historical cost, except for certain financial instruments as described in the policies shown below (See accounting polinstruments). The preparation of financial statements requires that management make judgments, estimates and affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, incomactual results could differ from those estimates. Disclosure of biological assets, agriculture produce at point of harves.	ck]	
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affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income Actual results could differ from those estimates. Disclosure of biological assets, agriculture produce at point of harve		
	_	
	st and	d
The Company does not have this type of assets.		
Disclosure of borrowings [text block]		

See section [800001] - Breakdown of credits.

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Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

Disclosure of business combinations [text block]

See section [800600] Accounting policy for Business combinations.

Disclosure of cash and cash equivalents [text block]

See section [800100] Cash and cash equivalents entry.

Disclosure of changes in accounting policies [text block]

Financial Standards issued and effective for fiscal years 2018 and 2019

• IFRS 9 - Financial instruments

IFRS 9 addresses the classification, measurement and recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities, introduces new rules for hedge accounting and presents a new impairment model for financial assets.

Effects in the Company's financial statements:

The Company has reviewed its financial assets and financial liabilities and the adoption of this new standard does not have an impact in the classification and measurement of such assets and liabilities.

Regarding hedge accounting for derivative financial instruments, the application of the new standard enables the Company to comply with the requirements in order to qualify this type of operations as hedge accounting. The Company's management considers that the application of the new hedge accounting standards does not have a significant impact on its financial statements.

With respect to the impairment of financial assets, the expected credit loss model is used in the calculation of the allowance for doubtful accounts. The application of this new methodology represented an impact of Ps.22,535 thousand, which is not significant in the Company's accounts receivable and its financial statements and was recorded as retained earnings as of January 1, 2018 and had no impact in the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share.

Date of adoption of the standard:

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

The Company applies this new standard retrospectively beginning January 1, 2018.

• IFRS 15 - Revenue from contracts with customers

IFRS 15, "Revenue from contracts with customers", establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. This new standard will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance, including IAS 18 for contracts of goods and services, and IAS 11 for construction contracts. The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The new standard is based on the principle that revenue is recognized when control of the goods or services is transferred to the customer. IFRS 15 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

IFRS 15 introduces a five-step model framework:

- a)Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- b)Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- c)Determine the transaction price
- d)Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- e)Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Effects in the Company's financial statements:

The Company's management considers that the adoption of IFRS 15 does not have a significant impact in its financial position and operating results, except for enhanced disclosures for revenue transactions as required by the new standard and that some payments made to customers as part of the ordinary course of business are presented as a decrease of sales in the income statement and have no impact in the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share.

As of March 31, 2018, the effect in the Company's net income is as follows:

	\mathbf{M}	arch 2018
	(t]	nousands)
Net income before adoption of IFRS 15	Ps.	17,660,589
Effect of the year for the adoption of IFRS 15		(128,461)
Net income	Ps.	17,532,128

Date of adoption of the standard:

The Company adopted IFRS 15 retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially adopting the standard recognized in retained earnings at January 1, 2018. As a result, the Company will not apply the requirements of IFRS 15 to the comparative period presented.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

IFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease agreements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. This new standard will supersede IAS 17. Distinctions of operating leases (off balance sheet) and finance leases (on balance sheet) are removed for lessee accounting, and are replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognized for all leases by lessees, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

Effects in the Company's financial statements:

The new standard will mainly affect the accounting of the Company's operating leases. As of December 31, 2017, the Company had operating lease commitments of Ps.5,377,691. The Company's management estimates that approximately 17% are contracts related with short-term leases and low value assets, which will be recognized as expense. The Company is currently assessing the rest of the requirements established by the new standard, if applicable. Therefore, it is not yet possible to estimate the amount of right-of-use assets and liabilities that will be recognized and their effect in the financial position and operating results of the Company, upon the adoption of IFRS 16.

Date of adoption of the standard:

The Company will apply this new standard beginning January 1, 2019.

Disclosure of commitments [text block]

The Company has commitments to purchase commodities, raw material and machinery and equipment that are disclosed at the end of the year.

Disclosure of contingent liabilities [text block]

As of March 31, 2018, the Company does not have contingent liabilities to be disclosed.

Disclosure of cost of sales [text block]

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

See Disclosure of results of operations and prospects in section [105000].

Disclosure of credit risk [text block]

The Company's management establishes the maximum credit risk according to its policies. The Company assures the compliance of the credit limits established and, therefore, no important losses from trade accounts receivable are expected.

Disclosure of debt instruments [text block]

Debt Profile

GRUMA's debt was US\$1.1 billion, US\$106 million more than at December 2017. Approximately 78% of GRUMA's debt was dollar-denominated.

Debt (US\$ millions)

		Var vs	Mar'17		Var vs	Dec'17
Mar'18	Mar'17	(\$)	(%)	Dec'17	(\$)	(%)
1,135	734	401	55%	1,030	106	10%

Debt Maturity Profile

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

(US\$ millions)

	Rate	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	TOTAL
Senior Notes 2024 (USD)	Fixed 4.875%							400	400
Rabobank Syndicated Term Loan (USD)	LIBOR + 1%		18.8	22.5	26.3	82.5			150
Rabobank Syndicated Revolving Facility (USD)	LIBOR + 1%					250			250
Scotiabank Revolving Facility (USD)	⊔BOR +0.75%			65					65
Other:									
MXN	7.85%	229							229
USD	2.50%	18							18
EUR	1.48%	5.1	5.3	4	2.5	2.2	2.1	2.1	23.4
TOTAL	4.51% (avg.)	252.1	24.0	91.5	28.8	334.7	2.1	402.1	1,135.3

Disclosure of derivative financial instruments [text block]

See [800007] Annex - Financial derivate instruments.

Disclosure of discontinued operations [text block]

-DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

A)LOSS OF CONTROL OF VENEZUELA

The Ministry of Popular Power for Internal Relations and Justice published on January 22, 2013 Administrative Providence number 004-13 dated January 21, 2013 (the "Providence") in the Official Gazette of the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela (the "Republic"). Given this Providence, GRUMA determined that it had lost control of the subsidiaries in Venezuela: Molinos Nacionales, C.A. ("MONACA") and Derivados de Maíz Seleccionado, DEMASECA, C.A. ("DEMASECA").

Following the principles set by IFRS, the Company lost the ability to affect the variable returns and concluded that it had lost the control of MONACA and DEMASECA on January 22, 2013, consequently, the Company ceased the consolidation of the financial information of MONACA and DEMASECA as of this date.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

B) IMPAIRMENT OF THE INVESTMENT IN VENEZUELA

At December 31, 2015 and 2014, GRUMA performed impairment tests on the investments in MONACA and DEMASECA to determine a potential recoverable amount.

The impairment test performed in the fourth quarter of 2015, resulted in an impairment loss of Ps.4,362,108, which was recognized in consolidated income for the year ended December 31, 2015 as "Loss from discontinued operations". As of December 31, 2018, the circumstances for which the investment in these subsidiaries was impaired have not changed.

The historical value of the net investment in MONACA and DEMASECA at January 22, 2013, the date when the Company ceased the consolidation of the financial information of these entities, was Ps.2,913,760 and Ps.195,253, respectively.

At December 31, 2017 and 2016, certain subsidiaries of GRUMA had accounts receivable with the Venezuelan companies for a total amount of Ps.1,494,352 and Ps.1,564,665, respectively, which were fully impaired and are included as part of the impairment loss recognized in income as of this dates.

Disclosure of dividends [text block]

The General Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on April 29, 2016, among other matters, approved the following:

The General Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on April 28, 2017, among other matters, approved the following:

• To pay a cash dividend in the amount of Ps.1,847'838,567.00, equivalent to Ps.4.27 for each of the 432'749,079 issued and outstanding shares, with voting rights, which aggregate amount will be paid from the Taxable Net Income for dividends and income generated as of December 31, 2013.

This payment will be made in cash in four installments, each for Ps.1.0675, on July 18 and October 17, 2017, January 16 and April 17, 2018.

Disclosure of expenses [text block]

See Disclosure of results of operations and prospects in section [105000].

GRUMA, S.A.B. de C.V. Consolidated Ticker: **GRUMA** Quarter: Year: 2018 Disclosure of fair value of financial instruments [text block] See [800007] Annex - Financial derivate instruments. Disclosure of finance income (cost) [text block] See Disclosure of results of operations and prospects in section [105000]. Disclosure of impairment of assets [text block] For the three-month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company did not recognize any expense on impairment of assets. Disclosure of information about employees [text block] See section [700000] Informative data about the Statement of financial position. Disclosure of issued capital [text block]

The Company's outstanding common stock consists of 431,221,046 Series "B" shares, amounting to Ps.5,345,896 thousand.

Disclosure of summary of significant accounting policies [text block]

Since the information presented herein refers to interim financial information, the Company opted to prepare its information according to IAS 34 (Option 1).

The consolidated financial statements of Gruma, S.A.B. de C.V. and Subsidiaries for all the periods presented have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The IFRS also include the International Accounting Standards (IAS) in force, as well as all the related interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee, including those previously issued by the Standing Interpretations Committee. The Company applied IFRS that were effective at March 31, 2018, with no significant impact on its financial statements.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

• IFRS 9 - Financial instruments

IFRS 9 addresses the classification, measurement and recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities, introduces new rules for hedge accounting and presents a new impairment model for financial assets.

Effects in the Company's financial statements:

The Company has reviewed its financial assets and financial liabilities and the adoption of this new standard does not have an impact in the classification and measurement of such assets and liabilities.

Regarding hedge accounting for derivative financial instruments, the application of the new standard enables the Company to comply with the requirements in order to qualify this type of operations as hedge accounting. The Company's management considers that the application of the new hedge accounting standards does not have a significant impact on its financial statements.

With respect to the impairment of financial assets, the expected credit loss model is used in the calculation of the allowance for doubtful accounts. The application of this new methodology represented an impact of Ps.22,535 thousand, which is not significant in the Company's accounts receivable and its financial statements and was recorded as retained earnings as of January 1, 2018 and had no impact in the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share.

Date of adoption of the standard:

The Company applies this new standard retrospectively beginning January 1, 2018.

• IFRS 15 - Revenue from contracts with customers

IFRS 15, "Revenue from contracts with customers", establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. This new standard will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance, including IAS 18 for contracts of goods and services, and IAS 11 for construction contracts. The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The new standard is based on the principle that revenue is recognized when control of the goods or services is transferred to the customer. IFRS 15 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

IFRS 15 introduces a five-step model framework:

- a)Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- b)Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- c)Determine the transaction price
- d)Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- e)Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Effects in the Company's financial statements:

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

The Company's management considers that the adoption of IFRS 15 does not have a significant impact in its financial position and operating results, except for enhanced disclosures for revenue transactions as required by the new standard and that some payments made to customers as part of the ordinary course of business are presented as a decrease of sales in the income statement and have no impact in the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share.

As of March 31, 2018, the effect in the Company's net income is as follows:

	March 2018		
	(t)	nousands)	
Net income before adoption of IFRS 15	Ps.	17,660,589	
Effect of the year for the adoption of IFRS 15		(128,461)	
Net income	Ps.	17,532,128	

Date of adoption of the standard:

The Company adopted IFRS 15 retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially adopting the standard recognized in retained earnings at January 1, 2018. As a result, the Company will not apply the requirements of IFRS 15 to the comparative period presented.

• IFRS 16 - Leases

IFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease agreements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. This new standard will supersede IAS 17. Distinctions of operating leases (off balance sheet) and finance leases (on balance sheet) are removed for lessee accounting, and are replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognized for all leases by lessees, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

Effects in the Company's financial statements:

The new standard will mainly affect the accounting of the Company's operating leases. As of December 31, 2017, the Company had operating lease commitments of Ps.5,377,691. The Company's management estimates that approximately 17% are contracts related with short-term leases and low value assets, which will be recognized as expense. The Company is currently assessing the rest of the requirements established by the new standard, if applicable. Therefore, it is not yet possible to estimate the amount of right-of-use assets and liabilities that will be recognized and their effect in the financial position and operating results of the Company, upon the adoption of IFRS 16.

Date of adoption of the standard:

The Company will apply this new standard beginning January 1, 2019.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[800600] Notes - List of accounting policies

Disclosure of summary of significant accounting policies [text block]

Since the information presented herein refers to interim financial information, the Company opted to prepare its information according to IAS 34 (Option 1).

The consolidated financial statements of Gruma, S.A.B. de C.V. and Subsidiaries for all the periods presented have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The IFRS also include the International Accounting Standards (IAS) in force, as well as all the related interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee, including those previously issued by the Standing Interpretations Committee. The Company applied IFRS that were effective at March 31, 2018, with no significant impact on its financial statements.

Financial Standards issued and effective for fiscal years 2018 and 2019

• IFRS 9 - Financial instruments

IFRS 9 addresses the classification, measurement and recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities, introduces new rules for hedge accounting and presents a new impairment model for financial assets.

Effects in the Company's financial statements:

The Company has reviewed its financial assets and financial liabilities and the adoption of this new standard does not have an impact in the classification and measurement of such assets and liabilities.

Regarding hedge accounting for derivative financial instruments, the application of the new standard enables the Company to comply with the requirements in order to qualify this type of operations as hedge accounting. The Company's management considers that the application of the new hedge accounting standards does not have a significant impact on its financial statements.

With respect to the impairment of financial assets, the expected credit loss model is used in the calculation of the allowance for doubtful accounts. The application of this new methodology represented an impact of Ps.22,535 thousand, which is not significant in the Company's accounts receivable and its financial statements and was recorded as retained earnings as of January 1, 2018 and had no impact in the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share.

Date of adoption of the standard:

The Company applies this new standard retrospectively beginning January 1, 2018.

• IFRS 15 - Revenue from contracts with customers

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

IFRS 15, "Revenue from contracts with customers", establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. This new standard will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance, including IAS 18 for contracts of goods and services, and IAS 11 for construction contracts. The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The new standard is based on the principle that revenue is recognized when control of the goods or services is transferred to the customer. IFRS 15 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

IFRS 15 introduces a five-step model framework:

- a)Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- b)Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- c)Determine the transaction price
- d)Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- e)Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Effects in the Company's financial statements:

The Company's management considers that the adoption of IFRS 15 does not have a significant impact in its financial position and operating results, except for enhanced disclosures for revenue transactions as required by the new standard and that some payments made to customers as part of the ordinary course of business are presented as a decrease of sales in the income statement and have no impact in the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share.

As of March 31, 2018, the effect in the Company's net income is as follows:

	March 2018		
	(t]	nousands)	
Net income before adoption of IFRS 15	Ps.	17,660,589	
Effect of the year for the adoption of IFRS 15		(128,461)	
Net income	Ps.	17,532,128	

Date of adoption of the standard:

The Company adopted IFRS 15 retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially adopting the standard recognized in retained earnings at January 1, 2018. As a result, the Company will not apply the requirements of IFRS 15 to the comparative period presented.

• IFRS 16 - Leases

IFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease agreements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. This new standard will supersede IAS 17. Distinctions of operating leases (off balance sheet) and finance leases (on balance sheet) are removed for lessee accounting, and are replaced by a model where a

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognized for all leases by lessees, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

Effects in the Company's financial statements:

The new standard will mainly affect the accounting of the Company's operating leases. As of December 31, 2017, the Company had operating lease commitments of Ps.5,377,691. The Company's management estimates that approximately 17% are contracts related with short-term leases and low value assets, which will be recognized as expense. The Company is currently assessing the rest of the requirements established by the new standard, if applicable. Therefore, it is not yet possible to estimate the amount of right-of-use assets and liabilities that will be recognized and their effect in the financial position and operating results of the Company, upon the adoption of IFRS 16.

Date of adoption of the standard:

The Company will apply this new standard beginning January 1, 2019.

Description of accounting policy for biological assets [text block]

The Company does not have this type of assets.

Description of accounting policy for business combinations and goodwill [text block]

-BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

Business combinations are recognized through the acquisition method of accounting. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred by the Company with the previous owners and the equity instruments issued by the Company. The cost of an acquisition also includes the fair value of any contingent payment.

The related acquisition costs are recognized in the income statement when incurred.

Identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed and contingent liabilities in a business combination are measured at fair value at the acquisition date.

The Company recognizes any non-controlling interest as the proportional share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired entity.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

The Company recognizes goodwill when the cost including any amount of non-controlling interest in the acquired entity exceeds the fair value at acquisition date of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

When the entity or entities acquired are, before and after the acquisition, ultimately controlled by the same entity, and such control is not temporary, it is assumed that the entities are under common control and therefore, there is no business combination. Transactions and exchanges between entities under common control are recognized on the basis of the carrying value of assets and liabilities transferred on the date of the transaction, and therefore, goodwill is not recognized.

Description of accounting policy for derivative financial instruments and hedging [text block]

-DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value; the transaction costs are recognized in the income statement when incurred. Derivative financial instruments are classified as current, except for maturities exceeding twelve months.

Fair value is determined based on recognized market prices. When not quoted in markets, fair value is determined using valuation techniques commonly used in the financial sector. Fair value reflects the credit risk of the instrument and includes adjustments to consider the credit risk of the Company or the counterparty, when applicable.

The method for recognizing the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedge and, if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Company designates derivative financial instruments as follows:

- -Hedges of the fair value of recognized assets or liabilities or a firm commitment (fair value hedge);
- -Hedges of a particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction (cash flow hedge); or
- -Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation (net investment hedge).

The Company documents at the inception of the transaction the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, including objectives, strategies for risk management and the method for assessing effectiveness in the hedge relationship.

a. Fair value hedges

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the income statement, together with changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

b. Cash flow hedges

For cash flow hedge transactions, changes in the fair value of the derivative financial instrument are included as other comprehensive income in equity, based on the evaluation of the hedge effectiveness, and are reclassified to the income statement in the periods when the projected transaction is realized.

Hedge effectiveness is determined when changes in the fair value or cash flows of the hedged position are compensated with changes in the fair value or cash flows of the hedge instrument in a quotient that ranges between 80% and 125% of inverse correlation. Ineffective portions from changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments are recognized immediately in the income statement.

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognized when the forecasted transaction is ultimately registered in the income statement.

c. Net investment hedge

Hedges of net investments in foreign operations are accounted for similarly to cash flow hedges. Any gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the effective portion of the hedge is recognized in other comprehensive income. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized in the income statement. Gains and losses accumulated in equity are included in the income statement when the foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold.

Description of accounting policy for determining components of cash and cash equivalents [text block]

-CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of less than three months. These items are recognized at historical cost, which do not differ significantly from its fair value.

Description of accounting policy for earnings per share [text block]

-EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, excluding ordinary shares purchased by the Company and held as treasury shares. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which include convertible debt and share options.

Description of accounting policy for employee benefits [text block]

-EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

a. Post-employment benefits

In Mexico, the Company has the following defined benefit plans:

- -Single-payment retirement plan, when employees reach the required retirement age, which is 60.
- -Seniority premium, after 15 years of service.

The Company has established trust funds in order to meet its obligations for the seniority premium. Employees do not contribute to these funds.

The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation, less the fair value of plan assets. The Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the net defined benefit liability (asset). The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated cash outflows using discount rates in accordance with IAS-19, that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related liability.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to equity in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Past service costs are recognized immediately in the income statement.

In the United States, the Company has saving and investment plans that incorporate voluntary employees 401(k) contributions with matching contributions of the Company in this country. The Company's contributions are recognized in the income statement when incurred.

b. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by decision of the Company, before the normal retirement date

The Company recognizes termination benefits as a liability at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the Company can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the Company recognizes restructuring

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costs that represents a provision and involves the payment of termination benefits. Termination benefits that do not meet this requirement are recognized in the income statement in the period when incurred.

c. Short term benefits

Short term employee benefits are measured at nominal base and are recognized as expenses as the related service is provided. If the Company has the legal or constructive obligation to pay as a result of a service rendered by the employee in the past and the amount can be estimated, an obligation is recognized for short term bonuses or profit sharing.

Description of accounting policy for financial assets [text block]

Financial assets

Classification

In its initial recognition and based on its nature and characteristics, the Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: (i) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, (ii) loans and receivables, (iii) financial assets held until maturity, and (iv) available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is classified at fair value through profit or loss when designated as held for trading or classified as such in its initial recognition. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Assets in this category are carried at fair value, and directly attributable transaction costs and corresponding changes of fair value are recognized in the income statement. Derivatives are also categorized as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if expected to be settled within 12 months; otherwise, they are classified as non-current.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for assets with maturities greater than 12 months. Initially, these assets are carried at fair value plus any transaction costs directly attributable to them; subsequently, these assets are recognized at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Financial assets held until maturity

When the Company has the intention and capacity to keep debt instruments until maturity, these financial assets are classified as held until maturity. Initially, these assets are carried at fair value plus any transaction costs directly attributable to them; subsequently, these assets are recognized at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in current assets, except for assets with maturities greater than 12 months. These assets are initially recognized at fair value plus any transaction costs directly attributable to them; subsequently, these assets are recognized at fair value. If these assets cannot be measured through an active market, then they are measured at cost. Profit or losses from changes in the fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period when incurred. At disposition date, such profit or losses are recognized in income.

Interest on available-for-sale securities calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in the income statement as part of interest income. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognized in the income statement when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Impairment

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is considered to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that have occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. See the accounting policy for the impairment of accounts receivable.

Description of accounting policy for financial instruments [text block]

-FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Regular purchases and sales of financial instruments are recognized in the balance sheet on the trade date, which is the date when the Company commits to purchase or sell the instrument.

Description of accounting policy for financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss [text block]

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

A financial asset is classified at fair value through profit or loss when designated as held for trading or classified as such in its initial recognition. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Assets in this category are carried at fair value, and directly attributable transaction costs and corresponding changes of fair value are recognized in the income statement. Derivatives are also categorized as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if expected to be settled within 12 months; otherwise, they are classified as non-current.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities for trading and financial liabilities designated at initial recognition.

Description of accounting policy for financial liabilities [text block]

Financial liabilities

Debt and financial liabilities

Debt and financial liabilities that are non-derivatives are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs directly attributable to them: subsequently, these liabilities are recognized at amortized cost. The difference between the net proceeds and the amount payable is recognized in the income statement during the debt term, using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities for trading and financial liabilities designated at initial recognition.

Description of accounting policy for foreign currency translation [text block]

-FOREIGN CURRENCY

a. Transactions in foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the Company using the exchange rates effective at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

translated at year-end exchange rates. The differences that arise from the translation of foreign currency transactions are recognized in the income statement.

b. Foreign currency translation

The financial statements of the Company's entities are measured using the currency of the main economic environment where each entity operates (functional currency). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Mexican pesos, currency that corresponds to the presentation currency of the Company.

The financial position and results of the entities that have a functional currency which differs from the Company's presentation currency are translated as follows:

- -Assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate of the period.
- -Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates when it has not fluctuated significantly during the period.
- -Equity is translated at the effective exchange rate in the date when the contributions were made and the earnings were generated.
- -All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income as a separate component of equity denominated "Foreign currency translation adjustments".

Previous to the translation to Mexican pesos, the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries with functional currency from a hyperinflationary environment are adjusted by inflation in order to reflect the changes in purchasing power of the local currency. Subsequently, assets, liabilities, equity, income, costs, and expenses are translated to the presentation currency at the closing rate at the end of the period. To determine the existence of hyperinflation, the Company evaluates the qualitative characteristics of the economic environment, as well as the quantitative characteristics established by IFRS of an accumulated inflation rate equal or higher than 100% in the past three years.

The Company applies hedge accounting to foreign exchange differences originated between the functional currency of a foreign subsidiary and the functional currency of the Company. Exchange differences resulting from the translation of a financial liability designated as hedge for a net investment in a foreign subsidiary, are recognized in "other comprehensive income" as a separate component denominated "Foreign currency translation adjustments" while the hedge is effective. See the accounting of the net investment hedge policy.

Description of accounting policy for functional currency [text block]

-FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Mexican pesos, which is the functional currency of GRUMA.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

Description of accounting policy for impairment of assets [text block]

-IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS

The Company performs impairment tests for its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite useful lives, when certain events and circumstances suggest that the carrying value of the assets might not be recovered. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and goodwill are subject to impairment tests at least once a year.

An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. To determine value in use, estimated future cash flows are discounted at present value, using a pre-tax discount rate that reflect time value of money and considering the specific risks associated with the asset. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating unit).

Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. For other assets, impairment losses are reversed if a change in the estimates used for determining the recoverable amount has occurred. Impairment losses are reversed to the extent that the book value does not exceed the book value that was determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss was recognized.

Description of accounting policy for income tax [text block]

-INCOME TAXES

The tax expense of the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognized from the analysis of the balance sheet considering temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates that have been approved or substantially approved at the date of the balance sheet and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for tax loss carry-forwards not used, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

temporary differences can be utilized. In each period-end deferred income tax assets are reviewed and reduced to the extent that it is not probable that the benefits will be realized.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Company and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off assets against liabilities and are related to income tax levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

Description of accounting policy for intangible assets and goodwill [text block]

-INTANGIBLE ASSETS

a. Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Company's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment, or whenever the circumstances indicate that the value of the asset might be impaired. Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill related to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose, identified according to operating segment.

b. Intangible assets with finite useful lives

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses. Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

-	Years
Non-compete agreements	3 - 20
Patents and trademarks	3 - 20
Customer lists	5 - 20
Software for internal use	3 - 7

c. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but subject to impairment tests on an annual basis or whenever the circumstances indicate that the value of the asset might be impaired.

d. Research and development

Research costs are expensed when incurred.

Costs from development activities are recognized as an intangible asset when such costs can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits will be obtained, and the Company pretends and has sufficient resources in order to complete the development and use or sell the asset. The amortization is recognized in income based on the straight-line method during the estimated useful life of the asset.

Development costs that do not qualify as intangible assets are recognized in income when incurred.

Description of accounting policy for investment in associates [text block]

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has no investments in associated companies.

Description of accounting policy for investments in joint ventures [text block]

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has no investments in joint ventures.

Description of accounting policy for issued capital [text block]

-SHARE CAPITAL

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

-LEASES

a. Operating leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are recognized in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

b. Finance leases

Leases where the Company has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, are classified as finance leases.

Under finance leases, at the initial date, both assets and liabilities are recognized at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. In order to discount the minimum payments, the Company uses the interest rate implicit in the lease, if this practicable to determine; if not, the Company's incremental borrowing rate is used.

Lease payments are allocated between the interest expense and the reduction of the pending liability. Interest expense is recognized in each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic interest rate on the remaining balance of the liability.

Property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Description of accounting policy for measuring inventories [text block]

-INVENTORIES

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the average cost method. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventory in the normal course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses. The cost of finished goods and production in process includes raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads. Cost of inventories could also include the transfer from comprehensive income of any gains or losses on cash flow hedges for purchases of raw materials.

Description of accounting policy for non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale and discontinued operations [text block]

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

-LONG-LIVED ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Long-lived assets are classified as held for sale when (a) their carrying amount is to be recovered mainly through a sale transaction, rather than through continuing use, (b) the assets are held immediately for sale and (c) the sale is considered highly probable in its current condition.

For the sale to be considered highly probable:

- Management must be committed to a sale plan.
- An active program must have begun in order to locate a buyer and to complete the plan.
- The asset must actively be quoted for its sale at a price that is reasonable to its current fair value; and
- The sale is expected to be completed within a year starting the date of classification.

Non-current assets held for sale are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Discontinued operations are the operations and cash flows that can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the entity, that either have been disposed of or have been classified as held for sale, and:

- Represent a line of business or geographical area of operations.
- Are part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of a line of business or geographical area of operations, or
- Is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

Description of accounting policy for property, plant and equipment [text block]

-PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are valued at acquisition cost, less accumulated depreciation and recognized impairment losses. Cost includes expenses that are directly attributable to the asset acquisition.

Subsequent costs, including major improvements, are capitalized and are included in the carrying value of the asset or recognized as a separate asset, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the specific asset will flow to the Company and the costs can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance are recognized in the income statement when incurred. Major improvements are depreciated during the remaining useful life of the related asset. Leasehold improvements are depreciated using the lower of the lease term or useful life. Land is not depreciated.

Costs of borrowings, general and specific, of qualifying assets that require a substantial period of time (over one year) for acquisition or construction, are capitalized as part of the acquisition cost of these assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

Depreciation is calculated over the asset cost less residual value, considering its components separately. Depreciation is recognized in income using the straight-line method and applying annual rates that reflect the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful lives are summarized as follows:

	Years
Buildings	25 - 50
Machinery and equipment	5 - 25
Leasehold improvements	10 *

^{*} The lesser of 10 years or the term of the leasehold agreement.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses from sale of assets result from the difference between revenues of the transaction and the book value of the assets, which is included in the income statement as other expenses, net.

Description of accounting policy for provisions [text block]

-PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognized when (a) the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; (b) it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and (c) the amount has been reliably estimated.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the specific risks of the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

Description of accounting policy for recognition of revenue [text block]

-REVENUE RECOGNITION

Sales are recognized upon shipment of products to, and acceptance by, the Company's customers or when the risk of ownership has passed to the customers. Revenue is recognized at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns, discounts, and rebates. Provisions for discounts and rebates to customers, returns and other adjustments are recognized in the same period that the related sales are recorded and are based upon either historical estimates or actual terms.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

Description of accounting policy for segment reporting [text block]

-SEGMENT INFORMATION

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity. Operating results from an operating segment are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief executive officer to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Description of accounting policy for subsidiaries [text block]

-SUBSIDIARIES

The subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Company has control. The Company controls an entity when the Company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements starting on the date on which the control begins, until the date such control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated. Subsidiaries' accounting policies have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Company.

As of March 31, 2018, the main subsidiaries included in the consolidation are:

	% of
	ownership
Gruma Corporation and subsidiaries	100.00
Grupo Industrial Maseca, S.A.B. de C.V. and subsidiaries	99.92
Gruma International Foods, S.L. and subsidiaries	100.00
Mission Foods México, S. de R.L. de C.V	100.00

Description of accounting policy for trade and other receivables [text block]

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

-ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Trade receivables are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently valued at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment. The Company has determined that the amortized cost does not represent significant differences with respect to the invoiced amount from short-term trade receivables, since the transactions do not have relevant associated costs.

Allowances for doubtful accounts or impairment represent the Company's estimates of losses that could arise from the failure or inability of customers to make payments when due. These estimates are based on the maturity dates of customers' balances, specific credit circumstances and the Company's historical experience on doubtful accounts.

Description of accounting policy for transactions with non-controlling interests [text block]

-TRANSACTIONS WITH NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST WITHOUT CHANGE OF CONTROL

The Company applies a policy of treating transactions with non-controlling interest as transactions with equity owners of the Company. When purchases from non-controlling interest take place, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant interest acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recognized as equity transactions; therefore, no goodwill is recognized with these acquisitions. Disposals of non-controlling interests result in gains or losses for the Company and are recorded in equity when there is no loss of control.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

[813000] Notes - Interim financial reporting

Disclosure of interim financial reporting [text block]

HIGHLIGHTS

GRUMA's performance showed continued improvements in net sales in all regions other than Central America, and expanding margins, notably in the U.S.

Consolidated sales volume was flat and net sales were 1% lower in connection with the peso appreciation effect on figures for Gruma USA and Gruma Europe, and the adoption of International Financial Reporting Standard 15 ("IFRS 15"), effective January 2018, by which some selling expenses have to be reclassified as a deduction to net sales.

Consolidated **EBITDA** was flat, as increases from Gruma USA were offset by the peso appreciation effect and expenses from information technology projects. EBITDA margin improved 10 basis points.

Sales and EBITDA from non-Mexican operations represented 73% and 74%, respectively, of consolidated figures. The company reported US\$1.1 billion of **debt** at quarter-end, US\$106 million more than at the end of 4Q17. **Net Debt/EBITDA** ratio was 1.5x.

Consolidated Financial Highlights

(Ps. millions)

	1Q18	1Q17	Var
Sales volume (thousand metric tons)	971	970	0%
Net sales	17,532	17,677	(1)%
Operating income	2,146	2,180	(2)%
Operating margin	12.2%	12.3%	(10) bp
EBITDA	2,692	2,697	0%
EBITDA margin	15.4%	15.3%	10 bp
Majority net income	1,282	1,282	0%

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

GRUMA, S.A.B. DE C.V., AND SUBSIDIARIES FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(MILLIONS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

	QL	QUARTERS			
INCOME STATEMENT SUMMARY	1Q18	1Q17	VAR (%)		
NET SALES COST OF SALES GROSS PROFIT	11,021 6,511				
GROSS MARGIN (%) SELLING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES OTHER EXPENSE (INCOME) , NET	37.1% 4,393 (28)				
OPERATING INCOME OPERATING MARGIN (%)	2,146 12.2%	2,180 12.3%	(2)		
NET COMPREHENSIVE FINANCING COST INTEREST EXPENSE INTEREST INCOME (GAIN) LOSS FROM DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS FOREIGN EXCHANGE LOSS (GAIN)	262 243 (16) 101 (66)	167 (13) 472			
INCOME TAXES NET INCOME	601 1,284		(1)		
MAJORITY NET INCOME	1,282	1,282	(0)		
EARNINGS PER SHARE ¹ DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	2.97 546	2.96 517	0		
EBITDA ² EBITDA MARGIN (%) CAPITAL EXPENDITURES (MILLION US\$)	2,692 15.4% 33	2,697 15.3% 58	(0)		

BALANCE SHEET SUMMARY	Mar-18	Mar-17	VAR (%)	Dec-17	VAR (%)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4,104	3,881	6	3,230	27
TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	7,065	6,248	13	7,172	(1)
OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	2,826		53	2,940	(4)
INVENTORIES	11,701	9,399	24	10,790	8
CURRENT ASSETS					6
	26,170	21,938	19	24,708	_
PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT, NET	28,059	25,324	11	29,327	(4)
TOTAL ASSETS	60,748	53,894	13	60,821	(0)
SHORT-TERM DEBT	4,628	3,792	22	2,897	60
CURRENT LIABILITIES	16,048	14,405	11	14,752	9
LONG-TERM DEBT	16,093	9,960	62	17,310	(7)
TOTAL LIABILITIES	34,769	28,110	24	34,843	(0)
MAJORITY SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	25,989	23,949	9	25,984	0
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	25,979	25,783	1	25,978	0
CURRENT ASSETS/CURRENT LIABILITIES	1.63	1.52		1.67	
TOTAL LIABILITIES/SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	1.34	1.09		1.34	
DEBT/EBITDA ³	1.83	1.23		1.78	
EBITDA/INTERES EXPENSE ³	13.05	16.67		14.31	
BOOK VALUE PER SHARE ¹	60.27	55.34		60.04	

 $^{^1}$ On the basis of 431,221,046 shares as of March 31, 2018 and 432,749,079 shares as of March 31 and December 31, 2017.

² EBITDA = operating income + depreciation, amortization and impairment of long lived assets +(-) other expenses (income) unrelated to core business operations.

³ Last twelve months.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

GRUMA, S.A.B. DE C.V., AND SUBSIDIARIES FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS BY SUBSIDIARY

(MILLIONS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

		QUARTERS			
		1Q18	1017	VAR (\$)	VAR (%)
GRUMA USA ¹	SALES VOLUME ²	337	334	3	1
	NET SALES	9,434	9,162	272	3
Corn flour, tortillas, and other	GROSS PROFIT	4,012	3,908	104	3
	Gross Margin	42.5%	42.6%	104	3
	OPERATING INCOME	1,340	1,217	124	10
	Operating Margin	14.2%	13.3%	12.7	10
	EBITDA	1,660	1,499	161	11
	EBITDA Margin	17.6%	16.4%	101	
GIMSA	SALES VOLUME	492	480	12	2
Corn flour and other	NET SALES	4,796	4,699	97	2
CONTINUOS AND OUNES	GROSS PROFIT	1,305	1,213	92	8
	Gross Margin	27.2%	25.8%	32	0
	OPERATING INCOME		561	(5)	(1)
	Operating Margin	11.6%	11.9%	(3)	(1)
	EBITDA	782	755	26	3
	EBITDA Margin	16.3%	16.1%	20	5
GRUMA EUROPE¹	SALES VOLUME ²	81	101	(21)	(20)
	NET SALES	1,303	1,221	82	7
Corn flour, tortillas, and other	GROSS PROFIT	293	288	6	2
	Gross Margin	22.5%	23.5%	O	2
	OPERATING INCOME	24	(2)	26	1,473
	Operating Margin	1.9%	(0.1%)	20	1,475
	EBITDA	81	46	36	78
	EBITDA Margin	6.2%	3.7%	50	,,,
GRUMA CENTROAMÉRICA	SALES VOLUME	48	47	1	2
Corn flour and other	NET SALES	1,045	1,157	(113)	(10)
	GROSS PROFIT	363	421	(57)	(14)
	Gross Margin	34.8%	36.3%	(37)	(2-1)
	OPERATING INCOME		60	17	29
	Operating Margin	7.4%	5.2%		
	EBITDA	112	92	20	22
	EBITDA Margin	10.8%	8.0%		
OTHER SUBSIDIARIES &	SALES VOLUME	14	7	7	97
ELIMINATIONS ³	NET SALES	954	1,438	(484)	(34)
	GROSS PROFIT	538	818	(280)	(34)
	Gross Margin	56.4%	56.9%		
	OPERATING INCOME	148	344	(196)	(57)
	Operating Margin	15.5%	23.9%		
	EBITDA	56	305	(249)	(82)
	EBITDA Margin	5.9%	21.2%		
CONSOLIDATED	SALES VOLUME	971	970	2	0
	NET SALES	17,532	17,677	(145)	(1)
	GROSS PROFIT	6,511	6,646	(135)	(2)
	Gross Margin	37.1%	37.6%		
	OPERATING INCOME	2,146	2,180	(34)	(2)
	Operating Margin	12.2%	12.3%		
	EBITDA	2,692	2,697	(5)	(O)
	EBITDA Margin	15.4%	15.3%		

¹Convenience translation. For further details see "Accounting Procedures".

² All sales volume figures are expressed in thousand metric tons.

³ Effect of the use of convenience translation is reported under Other Subsidiaries & Eliminations.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

-ENTITY AND OPERATIONS

Gruma, S.A.B. de C.V. (GRUMA) is a Mexican company with subsidiaries located in Mexico, the United States of America, Central America, Europe, Asia and Oceania, together referred to as the "Company". The Company's main activities are the production and sale of corn flour, tortillas and related products.

GRUMA is a publicly held corporation (Sociedad Anónima Bursátil de Capital Variable) organized under the laws of Mexico. The address of its registered office is Rio de la Plata 407 in San Pedro Garza García, Nuevo León, Mexico. GRUMA is listed on the Mexican Stock Exchange.

-USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The relevant estimates and assumptions are reviewed on a regular basis. The review of accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is reviewed and in any future period that is affected.

In particular, the information for assumptions, uncertainties from estimates and critical judgments in the application of accounting policies that have the most significant effect in the recognized amounts in these consolidated financial statements are described below:

- The assumptions used for the determination of fair values of financial instruments.
- The assumptions and uncertainties with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations, changes in tax laws, and the amount and timing of future taxable income.
- The key assumptions in impairment testing for long-lived assets used for the determination of the recoverable amount for the different cash generating units.
- The actuarial assumptions used for the determination of employee benefits obligations.
- The key assumptions in impairment testing of the investment in Venezuela.

Description of significant events and transactions

As of March 31, 2018, the Company has no significant events and transactions to be disclosed.

Description of accounting policies and methods of computation followed in interim financial statements [text block]

Ticker:	GRUMA		Quarter:	1	Year:	2018
See s	ection [800600 – Notes – List of accounting polici	es] for accounting policies and	d methods o	of coi	nputatio	on.
	Explanation of seasonality or	cyclicality of interim	operatio	ns		
See '	Disclosure of results of operations and prospects'	n section [105000 – Managen	nent commo	entar	y].	
	planation of nature and amount of ite come or cash flows that are unusual			-		
	e are no significant effects on assets, liabilities, enature, value or incidence.	equity, net income or cash flo	ows that are	e unu	ısual be	cause o
Ехр	lanation of nature and amount of ch prior interim periods	anges in estimates of or prior financial yea		ts re	porte	ed in
There	e are no changes in estimates. See section [800500	– Notes – List of Notes].				
Exp	lanation of issues, repurchases and	repayments of debt	and equ	ity s	securi	ities
	Company does not have repayments of debt and chased 1,528,033 shares.	nd equity securities. As of I	March 31,	2018	3, the C	Company
Dividen	ds paid, ordinary shares:	461,959,000				
Dividen	ds paid, other shares:	0				

GRUMA, S.A.B. de C.V.

Consolidated

GRUMA,	S.A.B. de C.V.			(Consoli	dated
Ticker:	GRUMA	Qu	uarter:	1	Year:	2018
Dividend	ls paid, ordinary shares per share:	1.0675				
Dividend	ls paid, other shares per share:	0				
	Explanation of events after interim	period that have not be	en re	flec	cted	
There	are no subsequent events that need to be disclosed	I.				
Ex	planation of effect of changes in co	mposition of entity durir	ng int	erin	n peri	od
There	are no changes in the Company's composition.					
	Description of compliance with IEDS	to if applied for interior f	inana	اما	x	6
L	Description of compliance with IFRS	s ii applied for iliterim t	manc	ıdi	report	L

-BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated financial statements of Gruma, S.A.B. de C.V. and Subsidiaries for all the periods presented have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The IFRS also include the International Accounting Standards (IAS) in force, as well as all the related interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee, including those previously issued by the Standing Interpretations Committee. The Company applied IFRS that were effective at March 31, 2018, with no significant impact on its financial statements.

Description of nature and amount of change in estimate during final interim period

GRUMA, S.A.B. de C.V.

Ticker: GRUMA

Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

There are no changes in estimates.

Ticker: GRUMA Quarter: 1 Year: 2018

Footnotes

[1] ↑

The difference between depreciation and amortization expense in 2017 presented in this section and the one disclosed in the Statement of cash flows [520000], is given by the Cost of written-down fixed assets of approximately Ps.4.9 million in the Mexico division.

[2] ↑

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The depreciation and amortization expense for the 12-month period starting on April 1, 2017 and ending on March 31, 2018 presented in this section includes:

1) The Cost of written-down fixed assets of approximately Ps.11.1 million in 2017 in the divisions of Mexico and Central America.

[3]

The depreciation and amortization expense for the 12-month period starting on April 1, 2016 and ending on March 31, 2017 presented in this section includes:

- 1) The income recorded in 2016 as a reversal of an impairment loss for approximately Ps.78 million, in relation with the reopening of the subsidiary Molinos Azteca de Chalco, S.A. de C.V. and the Cost of written-down fixed assets of approximately Ps.22 million in the Mexico division also recorded during 2016.
- 2) The Cost of written-down fixed assets of approximately Ps.4.9 million in the Mexico division during 2017.